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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Citizens of Newbern are incensed at the action of the Republican Board of County Commissioners and propose to make them vacate. —— U. S. District Attorney Bernard instructed to prepare bills of indictment against parties in Wilmington charged with complicity in forcing Bob Bunting, U. S. commissioner, to leave Wilmington. —— Congress re-assembled yesterday; the proceedings were unimportant; the President's message was listened to with ordinary interest; both bodies adjourned after the reading of the message. —— The American Savings bank, of Charleston, S. C., has been placed in the hands of a receiver. —— A resolution directing the Committee on Military Affairs of the House to investigate the War Department and the conduct of the Spanish-American war introduced in the House. —— The Plant Line has commenced tri-weekly service between Tampa and Havana. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton steady; middling uplands 5⅝c; flour inactive and lower to sell; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 76c; corn—spot steady; No. 2, 41c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 5.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 38 deg.; 8 P. M., 47 deg.; maximum, 50 deg.; minimum, 38 deg.; mean, 44 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.12.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A steep barometric gradient extends from Boston south to North Carolina, with continued heavy westerly gales reported over the Middle and North Atlantic coast States. The pressure has risen decidedly throughout the East and over Nebraska, and has fallen sharply over the States of the Mississippi valley. It is highest over the Southeast and lowest over New England. A slight depression centers over Oklahoma and another high pressure area is moving in over the Northwest. Cloudy weather prevails in the upper Mississippi valley and thence eastward over the lakes to the coast, with snow reported in the Ohio valley sections. Elsewhere over the country the weather is clear. The temperature has risen slightly and generally the past twenty-four hours, excepting in the immediate Atlantic coast States, where it is some colder.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; warmer; light southerly winds, becoming variable.

Port Almanac---Dec. 6.

Sun Rises	6.56 A. M.
Sun Sets	4 46 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 50 M.
High Water at Southport	1 05 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3.35 P. M.

"Yankee Doodle" has become so popular that even the Spaniards claim the paternity of the tune, which is derived from an old sword dance of Biscay.

Some packages of tobacco arrived in New York a few days ago from Havana, priced at $13.33 a pound, the duty on which was $1.85 a pound. It was Havana wrappers, a gilt-edge sort of stuff.

Mrs. Joseph Henry, of Kentucky, serves free and timely notice on Mr. Barker and other Presidential candidates that may bob up, that she is in the race, and proposes to succeed Mr. McKinley herself.

There must be some fascination about the office of private secretary to the viceroy of India when a London lawyer resigned a position that paid him $30,000 a year to become secretary to Lord Curzon.

Rudyard Kipling does not like to be quoted when he talks on the spur of the moment, for he says he is apt to say things which he would not like to see in print and be held responsible for. That was the experience of that Oregon chaplain.

The widow of the late George M. Pullman will have to worry along on $9,000 a month no matter how cold the winter may be, because that is the amount allow her by the probate court of Cook county. If she be reasonably economical she can manage to get along.

Sergt. Anthony, who announced to Capt. Sigsbee the blowing up of the Maine, has had some vicissitudes and experiences. After escaping in the Maine blow up he took his chances on more blowing up by getting married, and now he has gone upon the stage. But this isn't the vegetable nor the egg season.

Miss Schenck, the Long Island young lady who last summer started that 10-cent endless chain business to help the war along, would like to close up her self-imposed job, but the letters still continue to come in at the rate of about 100 a day. Up to the 1st inst she had received about 233,000 letters, the cash contained amounting to $20,300. Many of the letters contained no dime, the corner being torn off and the dime stolen.

In addition to her sable ex-majesty, Lil, of Hawaii, there will be some other noted Hawaiians in Washington this winter. The Ah Fong girls, the daisies of Honolulu, will be there. They are a mix of Chinese and Hawaiian, with a dash of Portugese blood; their father being a Chinaman, their mother a native Hawaiian. Their father went back to China to live with his other wife, or wives and left them rich. There are three of them still single and they are said to be nice girls and quite attractive, outside of their dollars. They have two sisters married to Americans, one to a naval officer the other to a San Francisco lawyer.

Old Harry gets into some boys quite young. A 13-year-old chap was arrested at Port Jervis a few days ago, charged with wedging a bar of iron between the rails of the Erie road with the intention of wrecking an express train, which narrowly escaped by the discovery of the wedge a few minutes before the train was due. The boy owned up and was sent to a reformatory.

In civilizing, modernizing and elevating the original American, we found shooting a lot of them a necessary part of the curriculum, and the probabilities are that we will find it necessary to introduce similar civilizing processes among the Filipinos.

Mrs. Barnum, or rather Mrs. Callas, showman Barnum's widow, is, like Patti, about to make her third venture in matrimony, this time with a French nobleman, who will doubtless help her to get rid of some more of her money as her deceased Greek husband did.

We are not hearing much of dollar wheat and fifty cent corn these days. They are not trying to corner either on these figures now. When Leiter went under the bottom dropped out.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. Cooper—Raisins.
Taylor's Bazaar—Specials.
M. H. Curran—Christmas advices.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Gardener—Position wanted.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mr. T. A. McNeill, of Lumberton, was in the city Sunday.

— Mr. G. W. Old, of Charlotte, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

— It seems certain that the Minstrels had no Winchesters or rapid-fire guns in their parade yesterday.

— Miss Mary Ballinger left yesterday for Washington, D. C., where she will spend the Winter, the guest of Mrs. E. V. Brown, formerly of this city.

—Mr. Nicholas Hussey, for sometime an efficient clerk at the Standard Oil Company's Work left the city last night for Atlanta where he goes to accept a position with the Southern Railroad Co.

— For the convenience of the public, County Treasurer H. McL. Green says he has arranged for all claims against the county to be presented for payment at Murchison & Co.'s bank, and all school claims at the National Bank of Wilmington. It would be well for those holding claims to make a note of this. It is certainly very thoughtful in the treasurer to thus study the convenience of the public.

At the Opera House.

The Minstrel festival at the Opera House last night by Richard and Pringle's-Rosco and Holland's troupe was attended by a large audience. The first floor was reserved for white people, and probably two-thirds of the seats were occupied. Both galleries were crowded with negroes. The performance was very good. A good many pronounced it even better than it was last season. The street parade created quite a stir among the negroes during the afternoon. Great crowds followed them on their rounds.

His First Day's Work.

Constable William Sheehan, Jr., assumed the duties of his office yesterday at noon and before night he had landed two prisoners in jail and served a number of other papers of a civil nature. The Justices of the Peace were very lavish in their praise of Constable Sheehan's first day's work yesterday, which is such a very pleasing contrast with the tardiness and inefficiency of a great number of the retiring deputies.

The Joint Committee Meeting.

The meeting of the Joint Committee on the reception and entertainment of Lieutenants A. E. Anderson and Victor Blue, to have been held at 6 P. M. yesterday in the office of Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, is postponed until Wednesday evening at the same hour. It is expected that in that time Ensign Miller will have heard from Lieutenant Anderson as to the exact date of his ships arrival at this port.

Turner's North Carolina Almanacs for 1899, for sale by Robt. R. Bellamy.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

Democrats Assume Complete Control of New Hanover County Government.

NEW COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Administer Oath of Office and Approve Bonds of Incoming Officials—Retiring Commissioners Wind Up Affairs and Adjourn.

Yesterday the new Democratic officials, as recently elected, assumed the duties of their respective offices, and now both city and county are under thorough Democratic rule. First of all, yesterday about noon, the new Board of County Commissioners met, took the oath of office, then administered the oath to other officers and approved their bonds. Later the retiring Board of Commissioners met, turned over the affairs to the new Board, and adjourned *sine die*. Proceedings of both bodies are given below.

New Commissioners Organize.

It was 12.15 P. M. when a temporary organization of the new board was perfected by calling Capt Jno. Barry to the chair. The motion was made by Col. Roger Moore. The first order of business was the election of a chairman and Col. Roger Moore was placed in nomination by Mr. W. F. Alexander, seconded by Capt. Barry. The election was by ballot and Col. Moore was elected, having received two of the three votes cast.

Col. Jno. D. Taylor, as clerk of the Superior Court, was present and administered the oath of office to the three commissioners, and thereafter Capt. Barry declared Col. Moore's election as permanent chairman.

Swearing in Officers.

Mr. William H. Biddle, Register of Deeds elect, was called before the Board and presented his bond of $10,000 with the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Co., of Baltimore, Md. The oath of office was administered by Chairman Roger Moore and the bond was unanimously accepted. Thereafter Mr. Biddle assumed the duties of secretary to the Board of Commissioners.

The Sheriff's Official Bonds.

Mr. Walter G. MacRae, Sheriff-elect, was called and tendered three official bonds, the total amount of which was $30 000. They were issued by the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, of Baltimore, as surety. The bonds were for the following amounts and purposes: $50,000 for the collection, payment and settlement of the county, poor, school and special tax funds; $35,000 for the collection, payment and settlement of public taxes as required by law, and the third for $5,000 for the faithful return of all processes, payment of fees and money collected in the execution of the office of sheriff.

The bonds were accepted after the correction of a clerical error. New Hanover was written "New Haven" in each bond. The correction was made by Mr. Preston Cumming, who is agent for the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, and has power of attorney.

Clerk of the Court.

Col. Jno. D. Taylor next presented his certificate of election as clerk of Superior Court and an official bond of $10,000 with B. F. Hall, Jas. C. Stevenson and James Sprunt as bondsmen. The oath of office was administered and the bond accepted.

Willam Sheehan, Sr., county constable, was the next officer sworn in. He presented his certificate of election and tendered his official bond of $1,000, with Godfrey Hart, Martin O'Brien and Samuel Bear assureties.

Treasurer's $90,000 Bond.

Mr. H. McL. Green, Treasurer-elect, was the last to take the oath of office. He tendered two bonds, one for $60,000 with John S. Armstrong, James H. Chadbourn, Jr., W. E. Worth and C. D. Yates as bondsmen for the custody of the educational fund and the other for the general and special funds in the sum of $30,000 with R. W. Hicks, A. D. Brown, M. J. Corbett, W. E Springer, Jno. D. Bellamy. The aggregate of the qualification on both bonds was $230,000. The bonds were accepted, certificate of election tendered and the oath of office administered.

Did Not Qualify.

At this stage of the proceedings Chairman Roger Moore read a letter from the coroner-elect, Dr. W. W. Harris. It was as follows:

"*To the Honorable Chairman and Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County:*

"GENTLEMEN—I am notified by E Hewlett, sheriff, of my election as coroner. I am grateful to my fellow citizens for their suffrages in honoring me with their confidence. I do not feel physically equal to a proper discharge of the duties of the office, and most respectfully request that you will appoint a coroner from the many worthy citizens who will qualify and perform the duties as required by law. I have the honor to be,

"Very respectfully,
"W. W. HARRISS."

The Board expressed much regret that Dr. Harris saw fit to decline to serve as coroner, and Dr. Richard J. Price was elected to that office in his stead.

[It will be of interest in this connection to note that yesterday Dr. Harriss in referring to his position in regard to the matter, told a STAR representative that he told his friends after they nominated him that, on account of his business and for other reasons, he could not accept the office and they insisted that he remain on the ticket until after the election. This he consented to do.]

The Board of Education.

After the election of Dr. Price as coroner, the Board suspended business for a few minutes and joined with Col. Jno. D. Taylor, clerk of the court, and Mr. W. H. Biddle, register of deeds, in a special meeting for the purpose of electing a Board of Education.

Commissioner Alexander stated that he had been notified by Marsden Bellamy, Esq., attorney for Col. F. W. Foster and Jordan Nixon, colored, the present members of the Board of Education, that their resignations had been filed with the proper authorities. However, nothing had been seen of them by any of the officials present and the election of their successors was deferred until to-day, when it is hoped the resignations will be introduced. The other member of the Board, Mr. F. J. Dempsey, it will be remembered, resigned some weeks ago and yesterday Mr. B. G. Worth was elected as his successor. It is probable that the other two members of the Board will be selected at the conclusion of the business session of the Commissioners this afternoon.

Recess Until To-day.

At the conclusion of the joint meeting the Board of Commissioners resumed business session, merely to take a formal recess, which they did at 2.15 until 2.30 P. M. to-day.

Session of Old Board.

The last session of the retiring Board of County Commissioners, for the purpose of winding up their affairs preparatory to giving place to the new Board was held at 3:30 P. M. yesterday.

Present, Chairman Roger Moore and Commissioners W. F. Alexander, Jno. Barry, J. L. Boatwright and James Cowan.

Annual reports of officials were the first order of business. Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Clerk of Superior Court, reported $2,597.00 public monies, due to various parties named, on hand. He also reported $369.63 on hand as receiver, appointed by the Superior Court, in certain cases.

Charles Norwood, colored, retiring register of deeds, reported 261 marriage licenses issued during the year ending November 30th. Of these 107 were for white couples and 154 for colored. He also submitted a report for the past month, showing 23 licenses sold during that period.

Clerical Tax-listing Errors.

Mr. T. H. Bunting, late tax lister for Wilmington township, reported that on the tax books certain parties were charged with more stocks of corporations than they really owned, due to clerical errors, and asked that the amount be reduced. The request was granted. The following was adopted, on motion of Commissioner Boatwright.

It is ordered that in cases where the banks of the city have been required by law to pay their State tax direct to the State that the sheriff deduct the same from the amount assessed by the county and State so that there shall not be a double tax against them.

To Collect Back Taxes.

On motion of Capt. Jno. Barry, seconded by Capt. Boatwright, it was agreed that the collection of back taxes be awarded to Col. Thomas Strange and any other attorney he may see fit to associate with him, at a cost not to exceed 10 per cent. of the taxes so collected.

Captain W. P. Oldham was allowed $50 for extra services rendered as clerk to the Finance Committee during the election.

Retiring Treasurer's Report.

Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., the retiring treasurer, appeared before the Board and submitted a report as to the county finances, and asked that the Board appoint a time when he could meet with the Board and the new treasurer to formally turn over the accounts to his successor. Mr. Chadbourn's report showed a balance of $11,097 37 general and educational funds on hand.

Col. Moore as chairman in referring to the county finances, said that during the day he and the treasurer had paid two notes against the county, one for $5,000 and the other for $3,000, due at the National Bank of Wilmington, also interest due to the amount of $172.50. This he said, leaves an indebtedness of $4,500, in notes of $1,500, $2,000, and $1,000, each, all at the National Bank of Wilmington. This represents the entire indebtedness of the county except the regular $40,000, bonded debt.

Two petitions for release from poll tax were not allowed.

The last business to engage the attention of the Board was a motion made by Capt. J. L. Boatwright that an appropriation of $30.23 be made to pay a bill against the City Hospital. He said that this amount would entirely clear the hospital from debt of every kind whatsoever. The appropriation was made.

The Closing Scene.

Col. Moore, as chairman, thanked the Board for the many courtesies and hearty co-operation extended to him during his term of office as chairman. And Capt. J. L. Boatwright as the retiring member of the Board, assured his fellow commissioners that his association with them had been very pleasant. He concluded his remarks with a motion that the Board adjourn *sine die*. Capt. Cowan seconded the motion, which was adopted.

On account of the annual Session North Carolina Conference A. M. E. Church, Warrenton, N. C., December 3rd, 1898, the Seaboard, Air Line will sell round trip tickets to the above point at $6.00 for the round trip. Tickets to be sold December 6 and 8, final limit December 14th, 1898.

APPOINTMENTS YESTERDAY.

Subordinate County Officers Selected Yesterday—Announcement of Others Expected To-day.

Besides the county officers regularly elected on November 7th, a number of very important offices carrying with them much responsibility are filled by appointment of the Sheriff, Clerk of the Court, Register of Deeds and County Commissioners, respectively. A number of these appointments were made yesterday and the remainder will probably be announced to-day.

Sheriff MacRae has appointed Mr. Owen Fennell first deputy, Mr. J. Wesley Millis jailor, and Mr. W. W. King as an acting deputy. The other appointments, Sheriff MacRae said yesterday, will be made in a few days or in other words as necessity requires them.

Register of Deeds Biddle has appointed as his assistant Mr. John McLaurin, so well and favorably known over the State as once editor of the *North Carolina Presbyterian*.

Col. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court, has re-appointed as his assistant Mr. Preston Cumming, who has so ably and creditably served in that capacity for some time previous.

All these have entered upon their duties and those appointed by the Board of Commissioners to-day will enter upon their work immediately after their appointment.

WHITE LABORERS' UNION.

A Large and Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night In Hiberuian Hall—Committees Appointed.

Probably 150 men assembled last night in Hiberuian hall, the occasion being a regular meeting of the White Laborer's Union. Quite an important session was held. Mr. M. F. Dowling presided as president and secretary M. G Silva was at his desk.

The union appointed a committee to secure the names of unemployed white men in order that they may advertise them and let employers know where they can find men to fill vacancies. Messrs. F. A. Westerman, D. A. Rowan and J. G Marshall were named on the committee.

A committee was also appointed to confer with the Labor Bureau in the interest of the unemployed. This is composed of Messrs. T. P. Coles, J. W. Millis (chairman), T. J. Smith, J. M. Chadwick and R. M. Capps.

It was decided that in future the meetings of the Union would be held on the second and fourth Monday nights of each month, except that the next meeting will be held on the third Monday of this month.

A feature of the meeting was a short speech by Mr. H. McL. Green, county treasurer. The Union now has a membership of almost three hundred.

TRUSTED COLORED SERVANT,

A Negro Cook Arrested for Robbing Her Employer of a Number of Household Articles.

Maggie Jones, colored, who has for a number of years been the trusted cook for Mr. Robert R. Bellamy's family, was yesterday arrested by Constable Sheehan, charged with the theft of a lot of very valuable hand-painted china and a number of other household articles, the former being the property of Mr. Bellamy's mother and especially prized by her for the associations connected therewith.

Mrs. Bellamy would probably not have discovered the theft for some time, but the colored woman yesterday moved from the house in which she formerly lived, and in displaying her effects to another colored woman, who cooks for Mr. W. R. French she showed her the articles in question. Mr. French's cook recognized the goods, one of the articles bearing Mrs. Bellamy's name, and reported the matter to Mr. French, who in turn, informed Mr. Bellamy. He at once procured a warrant from Justice Fowler and the woman was placed in jail to await a preliminary hearing, it being too late at the time of her arrest to dispose of the case yesterday. It will come up before Justice Fowler to-day.

PRACTICING FOR THE GAME.

The A. C. L. and O. A. N. Were Out Practicing Last Night.

The leather-lunged pig-skin chasers were out in their glory last night, practicing for the great Christmas game. And the clear crisp weather made them feel, as they expressed it, like "mustang ponies." Captain Hatch, of the O. A. N. eleven, had his men out on Fifth and Market streets, and the way those boys rushed the ball showed that their year's furlough had not destroyed their aptitude for the game. Members of the teams were running all over town developing their lung power, and they expect to take round trips to the sound before they stop.

What was supposed to be a street fight, on investigation proved to be Captain Sinclair and his A. C. L. team solving the mysteries of the science of foot ball and the crowd that gathered to witness the practice was a harbinger of a tremendous crowd at the games.

The boys were falling on the rocks and trees like they were soft as downy pillows, and Captain Sinclair says the men are not afraid of a cross-cut saw.

The Naval Reserve boys were also practicing last night and it is almost a settled fact that the game between them and a W. L. I. team will be played on January second.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Met in Regular Session in the Mayor's Office Last Night.

TWO ALDERMEN RESIGNED.

Routine Matters and Reports of Committees Receive Consideration—Annual Report of Fire Department Adopted—Other Business.

The Board of Aldermen met in regular session in the Mayor's office at the City Hall last night at 8 o'clock. Those present were Mayor Waddell, presiding, and Aldermen Taylor, Worth, MacRae, King, Skelding, Sprunt, Kramer, West and Bridgers.

The minutes of the last regular meeting and the intervening special sessions were read and approved.

The resignation of C. P. Lockey, as city attorney, with an attached statement of his accounts with the city, was submitted and approved.

The Board very reluctantly and with many expressions of thanks for invaluable services rendered, accepted the resignations of Aldermen King, of the Fifth Ward, and Bridgers, of the Fourth. These gentlemen stated that their reasons for thus resigning were purely business connections which would require their attention elsewhere. Mr. Jos. H. Hanby was suggested by Mr. Bridgers as a suitable man to fill the vacancy from the Fourth Ward. The matter of appointing successors was deferred until the next meeting of the Board.

The matter of adding a patrol wagon to the police equipment was discussed at the suggestion of citizens, but as the city has a contract with Messrs. S. P. Cowan & Co. for furnishing conveyance for prisoners when necessary, at a very low cost, the purchasing of the wagon and team was deemed inexpedient. The cost of this service was stated by the clerk as averaging about $5 per month.

The contract for feeding the horses of the Fire Department was awarded to Messrs. B. F. Mitchell & Co, at $7.18 per month, this being the lowest bid submitted.

A petition from residents and property owners in the vicinity of Fifteenth and Market streets asking that a hydrant be placed in that locality was referred to the Fire Committee with instructions to report at the next meeting.

The Mayor read a communication setting forth the wretched sanitary condition of the city prison and urging a conference with the Board of Audit and Finance looking to betterment of the general condition.

The Market Committee reported that some necessary improvements had been made on Front Street Market and that bids for white washing the market had been submitted. The matter was referred to the committee with power to act.

The Police Committee made a general report, definite action to be taken later.

The Light Committee took up the question of lamp lighting, the contract for which is now held by J. B. Bowen, col. The matter was referred to the committee. It was moved and carried by the Board that the bid of the Electric Railway Co., for furnishing the arc light at Tenth and Princess streets be accepted, it appearing to be the lowest bid. The stipulation is $19 for installing the light and $7 per month thereafter, provided this company is awarded the contract for the 1899 lighting.

Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, submitted his monthly report, together with recommendations by Mr. Jos. H. McRee, city surveyor, with regard to sewerage. The suggestions by Mr. McRae were referred to the Sanitary Committee. The Mayor stated that any refusal or failure to give proper sanitary attention to their premises by citizens would be promptly and rigorously punished, upon information from the Superintendent of Health. On motion the City Surveyor was made a member of the Board of Health.

The Committee on Streets and Wharves made their report in which it was stated that purchases of phosphate rock had been made at a saving of 25 per cent. from Castle Hayne, and many other improvements had been made. The chairman, Alderman Taylor, stated that by an appropriation of $700 from the Board of Audit and Finance, the committee had been enabled to purchase six splendid mules for the trash carts and that the old ones, which were in very bad condition, had been disposed of at fair prices.

Petitions for the erection of buildings were presented by the Carolina Cooperage Co., B. F. Keith and Geo. D. Parsley. These were referred to the Fire Commission.

Bills contracted by the old city administration, for medical attendance to firemen injured in the discharge of their duty, were presented by Drs. Harriss and Burbanks. They were referred to committee with instructions to investigate.

Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy appeared before the Board in behalf of the committee who were making preparations for the entertainment of Lieutenants Anderson and Blue on their expected visit to this city. An appropriation of $100 for defraying the expense was cheerfully voted by the Board. Alderman MacRae made the motion for the appropriation, and Alderman Taylor had the honor of seconding the same.

The excellent report of the paid fire department for the year, as published in Sunday's STAR, was submitted and approved.

The report of the treasurer was also read and adopted.

The Board adjourned, subject to the call of the Mayor.

IN THE CITY COURT.

Fifteen Cases Tried at Yesterday's Session—The City Treasury Enriched by Fines and Costs $102.65.

Fifteen cases were disposed of at yesterday morning's session of the City Court, and as a result the city treasury is just $102 65 better off by way of fines, to say nothing of the costs.

W. Silvia, for drunkenness, was fined $3 65 and costs.

Ernest Gilliam, a negro youth, for violently cursing a young white boy, was let off with the promise of his father to give him a good thrashing.

Annie Nixon and Julia Wilson, both colored, were fined $5 each for disorderly conduct. Two white men were also fined for disorderly conduct.

D. H. Hines, Chas. Simpson and Ed Jefferson, all colored, were fined $10 each for being drunk and resisting an officer. The latter was drunk on Water street and was using some very violent language, his remarks being directed against the white people in general. Gilbert Telfair was also tried on the charge of being drunk and disorderly and was given a similar fine.

LeRoy Perry, for an aggravated case of drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was fined $20 and costs.

Eugene James, a colored boy, was tried for the larceny of a cart saddle from some one, whom, they could not determine. He was found in possession of the saddle and was arrested on suspicion. He was remanded to the guard house to await further developments.

Jas. Ross, Neill Clark and Rouland Robinson, sailors, were arrested for being drunk and disorderly and fined $10 each, which they paid.

WILL LEAVE WILMINGTON.

Elder J. P. King Resigns the Pastorate of the Second Advent Church, This City.

Elder Joseph P. King founder and for almost twenty-five years pastor of the Second Advent Church, this city, has declined re-election and announces that he will leave the city about January 1st for a season of evangelistic work before assuming a pastorate elsewhere. He expects to spend some time in Florida and other States South. A prominent member of the Church said to a STAR reporter yesterday that they had under consideration several prominent ministers in the North and West as successor to Rev. Mr. King, but no formal call has yet been extended to any one. He spoke in the highest terms of the retiring pastor and said that the church regrets exceedingly to lose him from their midst.

"MIKE" DOWLING HONORED.

Presented With a Gold-Headed Cane Yesterday by Alderman King.

Yesterday afternoon Alderman B. F. King called at No. 2 engine house of the fire department and presented Foreman M. F. Dowling with a handsome gold-headed cane on which was the following inscription:

Presented to M. F. D.
by
The Ladies of the Fifth Ward,
Wilmington, N. C.

In presenting the cane Mr. King said it was presented as an expression of appreciation for the efficient services rendered by Mr. Dowling prior to and during the recent "race war."

Mr. Dowling responded in an appropriate and characteristic speech, in which he expressed the highest appreciation and pledged his very best efforts in the future, as in the past, should the occasion arise.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1,063 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel rosin, 18 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—628 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 227 barrels rosin, 143 barrels tar, 94 barrels crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—148 bales cotton, 26 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—318 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 100 barrels rosin, 8 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

W., N. & N. Railroad—206 bales cotton.

Steamer Driver—48 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 108 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—13 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 9 barrels rosin, 43 barrels tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—45 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 138 barrels rosin, 99 barrels tar.

Schooner Ruth J.—75 barrels rosin.

S. Smith's flat—180 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 2,669 bales; spirits turpentine, 43 casks; rosin, 756 barrels; tar, 409 barrels; crude turpentine, 121 barrels.

A New Book Store.

Mr. Warren S. Johnson left last night for New York and other Northern markets, where he goes to buy a full stock of stationery, books, office supplies, fancy goods, etc., preparatory for opening a bookstore at No. 107 Market street on or about January 1st. The store is the one occupied by the Heinsberger book store several months ago.

Men's Clothing at 25 to 40 Per Cent. Discount.

Overcoats, $6 to $20; Suits, $6 to $30; Pants, $2 to $7.50; made to order. Any up-to-date style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postal card telling your needs answered in person at points on S. A. L. in North Carolina, and measure taken by Agent American Woollen Mills Co., Box 305, Marion, N. C. †

NEWBERN STIRRED UP.

Outraged at Action of the Republican Board of Commissioners—Citizens Propose to Make Them Get Out.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

NEWBERN, N. C., December 5.—At the meeting of the Board of Commissioners to-day, Seymour Hancock, postmaster of this city and son of Robert Hancock who was dismissed from the presidency of the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad, was elected attorney for the board for two years. It is believed that a deal was made to put in Robert Hancock as register of deeds. The candidates elected for treasurer and clerk of court were unable to furnish bonds and had the time extended.

The Board of Commissioners newly-elected consists of three Republicans and one of them is a negro. A meeting of the Citizens' Committee is called for to-night. They will appoint a committee to wait on the Republicans and invite them to step out. A similar invitation will probably be extended to the city Republican administration. The people were inclined to wait until the Legislature met, but the fresh outrage of putting the Hancocks forward has stirred the city up, and the talk is very determined to night.

Seymour Hancock was notified that charges would be preferred against him in the Craven Club, but resigned in time to escape being expelled. The Hancocks are ostracised.

The negroes are quiet and the white Republicans of bad character are the only ones to be dealt with. This last political move by the Republicans was unexpected.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUSINESS.

WANTED—Party with from $2,000 to $3,000 to invest in a new business. No competition. Profit from 100 to 300 per cent. Will stand the closest investigation.

de 2 4t Address this office, A. S. C.

Specials at Taylor's Bazaar.

Cambric Skirt Linings, all colors; this sale at 3½c a yard. Gent's hemmed Japanette initial Handkerchiefs; this sale at 7c each. Corsets that sold at 50c; this sale at 39c.

Ladies' Black Felt Alpines,

with band; this sale at 48c each. Every article in every department cut prices for CASH ONLY during this sale. Call and see for yourself at

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,
de 4 tf 118 Market street.

The Second Series of Stock
IN THE
Co-operative Building and Loan Association

will open for payment of dues Saturday, Dec. 17, 1898, at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer.

WALKER TAYLOR, President.
W. A. JOHNSON, Vice President.

Directors—Walker Taylor, W. A. Johnson, Geo L. Peschau, Jno D. Bellamy, Dud Cutlar, Jr., D. O'Connor, W. E. Worth, E. S. Willard, S. A. Schloss, B. C. Moore, C. H. Fore, I. M. Boar.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, Sec'y and Treas.,
de 4 4t su tu 114 Princess street.

L. L. RAISINS.

140 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
50 Boxes Loose Raisins.
50 Barrels Apples.
90 Bags C. C. Nuts.
75 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
175 Tubs Fancy Candy.
94 Picnic Cheese.
175 Bags Wheat Bran.
300 Dozen Fish Roe.
245 Bags Peanuts.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
de 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

We Dare You

TO CALL AND INQUIRE THE

PRICES ON OUR CANDIES.

WE WILL

Open Your Eyes

ON PRICES.

FARRIS'
PALACE BAKERY.
LEADER.
de 1 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Cured Hog Products, Lard, Canned Meats, &c.

OUR PURE HOG'S LARD IS UNEXCELLED.

We sell Renown Cigars, Cuban Blossom, Topical Twist,

ALSO, HIGH GRADE 10c GOODS.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO FROM CITY OR COUNTRY.

AND PRICES REASONABLE.

Warehouse and Office Nutt street, A. C. L. crossing. de 1 1m

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 6.

AFRAID THEY WILL WAKE IT UP.

We have been confidently assured by the gold standard organs that the silver question is settled and will be no longer an issue in our politics, but they are not all quite sure of that, for since the expansion policy has been entered upon some of the gold standard organs which are opposed to it warn the expansionists that the silver question is not dead—only sleeping, and that expansion may wake it up and make it very troublesome. This is one of the arguments that some of them use in opposition to the annexation of the Philippines. The Boston *Advertiser*, which is one of these, in discussing the Philippine question, says:

"The money to which such of the inhabitants of the Philippines as are civilized enough to know the meaning and use of money are accustomed is depreciated silver coin and still more depreciated paper based on such coin. The same instinct which led Mr. Bryan to visit Mexico in order to find aid and comfort there for his free silver theories will quickly suggest to him and his supporters, in spite of their monetary attitude of opposition to imperialism, that their cause can be immensely strengthened, in case the Philippines are annexed to the United States, by getting help among those new Americans to reduce the money standard of the rest of the United States to the Malay basis."

The meaning of this is that the advocate of free silver should be an expansionist. It is also an admission that the more our trade relations increase with the people of the far East the greater the demand will become for silver. The prospective increase in the trade is one of the arguments made for the annexation of those islands, even by the gold standard organs, while it is also one of the reasons why it is favored by some free silver men who, were it not for this, wouldn't give a continental for the whole group. We thus find gold standard men and free silver men agreeing practically as to the result of annexation without verbally admitting the agreement.

But the opponents of expansion who warn its gold standard advocates that it may revive and strengthen the free silver agitation have good ground to go on. There are on those islands at the least enumeration 7,000,000 of people, while some put the figures at double that. One of the arguments for the acquisition of the islands is that under the impetus of American enterprise there would be an immense development of the rich resources of these islands resulting in considerable accessions to the population from other countries, and a great increase in their trade. With the increased development, and the more general employment of the people at higher wages than they now receive they would be able to buy and pay for more than they now can afford to buy, and therefore there would be a largely increased demand for our manufactures, such as they use. These are and always have been a silver-using people. It is about the only money the people—at least the wage earners—handle and the only one they practically know anything about. There are at the lowest estimate 7,000,000 of these people. They will require a good deal of silver money, and we must supply it with our own coin, or with the coin of some other nations. Of course business sense would suggest supplying it with our own.

Another argument for annexation is that having possession of those islands gives us strong vantage ground from which to build up our trade in other countries of the East, which is doubtless true, and another is that it will necessitate and expedite the construction of the Isthmian canal, and that this will add immensely to the volume of our Eastern trade because it will so materially shorten the distance and reduce the cost of transportation to the other side of the Pacific. Whether all this be realized or not the fact remains that silver is the money of the many millions of people on that side of the globe and the people who expect to carry on commerce with them and compete with other nations must accept this fact and act upon it.

That this is the view taken of it by others who see the question from simply a monetary standpoint and are not especially interested in the free coinage of American silver, and that they agree substantially with the Boston *Advertiser* is shown by the following letter of Sir Moreton Frewen, the financial expert and great free silver advocate of England. In a recent letter to Gen. C. H. Howard, editor of the *Farm, Field and Fireside*, he says:

My Dear Gen. Howard—Thank you for your letter of November 24th. I recall with much pleasure the occasions when we met during the interesting days of 1896. That the "silver question is dead" I am assured by a number of respectable gentlemen who hail mostly from the neighborhood of Indianapolis. Be it so! Le roi est mort, vive le roi, and were silver as dead as Julius Cæsar, the course of events upon the Pacific coast would alone resurrect it as the leading issue, during the next few years.

What about Hawaii, the Philippines and more important still to all your Pacific coast industries, what about the development of railways, of that vast anthracite coal field in the province of Shansi? Your trade with eastern Asia is now going to expand with "leaps and bounds;" you are about to sell to myraids whose exports will be bonused and stimulated by every fall in the exchange—that is to say, by every fall in the gold price of silver.

"How, for example, can Ohio sell rails and hardware to the TransMissouri states in competition with exports from Shansi to San Francisco, the product of Chinese labor at 4 pence a day (gold) that labor cost being even now reduced to 2 pence (four cents) by the fall in the bullion price of silver?

"Silver is dead." is it? Why, my dear general, it has never yet been really alive. Wait until you all become familiar with the "yellow peril," nor will you have long, I think to wait. At a recent meeting of the Shanghai chamber of commerce seven resolutions were passed, of which the sixth reads as follows:

That in due course the products of Asiatic cheap labor will prove far more injurious to the interest of the wage-earning classes in gold standard countries than the presence of Chineese coolies; and that unless silver is remonetized, protective measure will have to be adopted to exclude from gold standard countries not Oriental labores only, but all those manufacturers also which are subsidized by premiums.

I believe your present times, so good by comparison with those terrible Cleveland days, will make men not indifferent as to this great problem—this cloud across the Pacific—but on the contrary, it will make men more throughful—their silver money to myraids of Asiatics at half price, and perhaps later at even quarter price. This is not a policy which any party can permanently tie to. And yet this is the gold standard policy. Yours very faithfully,

MORETON FREWEN.

If dollar wheat continued, money become abundant and agricultural interests prosperous the agricultural States might be satisfied and let the agitation of the money question alone, for people who are prospering rarely agitate, but let a reverse come, let low-priced wheat, low-priced other farm products, as we now have low-priced wheat and low-priced cotton, become the rule as it has been instead of the exception and we will again see the silver revival and when it is revived it will be strengthened by the taking in of these millions of Pacific islanders, whose principal money is silver. If the Boston *Advertiser* is really alarmed it has grounds for being so.

VOTE IN THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

The Secretary of State has completed the canvass of the vote cast at the last election. The result has not yet been officially declared but in the congressional districts it is as follows, omitting the candidates who received a few scattering votes:

In the First District John H. Small, Democrat, has a majority of 1,462 over Harry Skinner, Fusion Populist.

In the Second District George H. White, (negro) Republican, has a majority of 2,620 over Wm. E. Fountain, Democrat.

In the Third District Charles R. Thomas, Democrat, has a majority of 189 over John E. Fowler, Fusion Populist.

In the Fourth District John W. Atwater, Ind. Populist (supported by the Democrats) has a majority of 838 over Joseph Jenkins, Fusion Populist.

In the Fifth District Wm. W. Kitchen, Democrat, has a majority of 2,242 over Spencer B. Adams, Fusion Republican.

In the Sixth District John D. Bellamy, Democrat, has a majority of 5,853 over Oliver H. Dockery, Fusion Republican.

In the Seventh District Theodore Kluttz, Democrat, has a majority of 6,102 over M. H. Caldwell, Fusion Populist.

In the Eighth District Romulus Z. Linney, Fusion Republican, has a majority of 1,259 over Edward F. Lovell, Democrat.

In the Ninth District Wm. D. Crawford, Democrat, has a majority of 238 over Richmond Pearson, Republican.

There were straight Populist candidates running in only three districts—the first, second and ninth. In the first district Joshua L. Whedbee received 97 votes, in the second James B. Lloyd received 2,227, in the ninth district George E. Boggs received 93, giving a total of 2,417 votes in the aggregate congressional vote for the whole State.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT.

General Miles favors an increase of the regular army to 75,000 men, while Secretary Alger and the President would increase it to 100,000. Why this great increase from 25,000 to 75,000 or 100,000? We certainly do not need an army three or four times as large as we ever had to assert the authority of the United States at home, to keep the Indians in check, or to suppress labor troubles or insurrections. It would be acknowledging too much to acknowledge that, for it would be acknowledging that this Government was ceasing to be one to which cheerful obedience was given, and was becoming a Government which, like the monarchies of the old world, depended upon its bayonets for the respect shown its authority.

But it is not that. There is no need for such a standing army for home service. It is the expansion policy which makes such an army or any one approximating it in numbers necessary. This increase means that we must depend on military government in our accessions, which also means that one of our cardinal doctrines, that government derives the right to govern from the consent of the people, is thrown to the winds. This revolutionizes our government and makes it a composite institution—a Republic and military despotism, a Republic for the States, a despotism for the newly acquired territory. How long the Republic and the despotism can remain dovetailed without materially affecting the Republic reamains to be seen.

If such an army be necessary to maintain our authority in the islands acquired, will they not prove a pretty costly investment? It will take a good many millions of dollars to equip and keep up an army like that, and this is not for one year or two years, but as a regular and continuous thing. A small standing army was one of the things on which we plumed ourselves in contrast with the governments which found it necessary to keep up great standing armies, but expansion puts an end to that and puts us practically on the same plane with the bayonet-supported governments.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Mr. Octavius Taylor, one of the leading and largest merchants of LaGrange failed Friday, owing $25,000. His assets are not known at present.

— Salisbury *Truth*: The farmers of the county have been very busy the last few weeks sowing wheat. It is a busy time with them, installing new croppers and much difficulty is encountered in getting suitable ones.

— Enfield *Enterprise*: The yield on the State farms this year has been so abundant that it is feared by the superintendents that it cannot be harvested. And yet some people contend that North Carolina is poor and unproductive.

— Southern Pines *Free Press*: Dr. C. H Sadelson has a persimmon of the Japanese variety grown on his grounds measuring 13¾ inches in circumference. This is probably the largest persimmon ever grown in this section. The tree is about 4½ feet high and contains about 3 dozen fruits, most of them nearly as large as the one mentioned above.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The coroner's inquest held over the dead infant found in a creek about a mile north of Chapel Hill proved that the child was most probably white, and that it had breathed and circulation had ensued; that it had evidently come to its death by the hands of some unknown party, or parties, by strangulation with a linen tape, which had been wound twice around its neck and left tied. No clue as to the murderer.

— Warrenton *Record*: A fatal shooting affray took place near Littleton the past week. One colored man named Leigh, who voted the Democratic ticket, was put upon at a church festival by a crowd of Republican negros, headed by one Broadnax. Leigh defended himself by shooting Broadnax down, the wounds proved fatal, and now Broadnax is dead and Leigh is on the wing, nobody knows where.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf*: We hear it said frequently that farming does not pay. That depends upon how the farming is carried on. The one crop system does not pay, nor does the policy of cultivating two or three acres of land to get what one acre should be made to produce. But farming such as that reported by J. W. Beck pays even at the prevailing low prices of cotton. He tells us that on 6 acres of land this year he made 10 bales of cotton averaging 450 pounds each. Mr. Beck is not a practical farmer either. That is to say, farming is not his business.

It will surprise you—try it.

IT IS the medicine above all other for catarrh and is worth its weight in gold. Ely's Cream Balm does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

MY SON was afflicted with catarrh. He used Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrh all left him.—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 55 Warren St., N. Y. †

Two Pointed Questions Answered.

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you can not get a better price for it?

Ans.—As there is no difference in the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much greater in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know your make is the best?

If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

This explains the large sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occasionally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims, but are certain to return to the one remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The fact that Spain has agreed to accept President McKinley's offer of $20,000,000 for the right to appoint policemen and other officials in the Philippines will not stop the opposition of men like Senator Hoar to the ratification of any treaty to carry that arrangement into effect.—*Hartford Times, Ind.*

—— A man named Lasar was convicted the other day in New York of having smuggled $52,000 worth of diamonds into the country, and the government calmly confiscated the whole lot. We dare say Mr. Dingley will not fail to use this as an argument in favor of the revenue-producing quality of his lamented bill.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— The Chinese Minister at Washington has appealed to our Government not to enforce the Chinese Exclusion act in Philippines. The appeal does not seem to be necessary. In so far as the trade of the Philippines is concerned the Chinese merchants have already captured it, and they are more likely in the long run to exclude the Yankee than to be excluded by him.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Captain Mahan has taught us a new word—new in American mouths. The people in our newly acquired territory, he says, are not our equals; they cannot be made our fellow citizens; they are our "subjects." The word is a true one. No other so well describes the new condition. Here we are, a nation of freemen, proclaiming to the world doctrine of freedom and the equality of man, yet holding alien races as subjects. We do not like the idea, but how can we escape it?—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind*

TWINKLINGS.

— Caller—"Sir, I am a collector." Impecuno—"Business or fad?"—*Town Topics.*

—Trainer—"Hit him like a nail." Pugilist—"Like a nail?" Trainer—"Yes; on the head."—*Syracuse Herald.*

— "The vane on the church steeple says the wind is east." "Well, that is pretty high authority."—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

— Clerk—"What kind of gloves, madam; walking gloves?" Miss Wayback—"Mercy sakes, no! I don't wear gloves on my feet."—*Puck.*

— "We are worried about Julia; she got out of a sick bed to go to the matinee" "How could she?" "She had to go; she had a ticket."

— "They say too much eating dulls the mind" "Then that must be why people who depend upon their pens for a living are so bright."

— First Billionaire—"Make much on the deal?" Second Billionaire—"No; not over a million." "First Billionaire—"Oh, well; every million counts."—*Truth.*

— A West Union woman called in the doctor to see her husband, not because he seemed sick, but because he didn't want to go to the circus.—*West Union Gazette.*

— "Well, I'm surprised to hear that Hastings has political ambitions." "I don't know that he has." "But don't you just say that he had begun studying law?"

— Tom—"I see by the papers that the Queen of England says that she likes American girls." Dick—"Indeed? Well, there are others."—*Town Topics.*

— Suitor—"Your daughter, sir, is the light of my existence." Her Father—"Oh, that's it, eh? I've often wondered how you could ever see her with the gas turned so low."—*Life.*

— Suspicious: Mr. Borum—"Here, Martha, is a book I got to-day. It's a religious novel and is creating a great sensation" Mrs. Borum—"My goodness, hurry and hide it then, so the children won't get hold of it."

Fire Worshipers and Kerosene.

A knowledge of the existence of petroleum at Baku is so ancient that we find there the ruins of a temple to Zoroaster. The worship of fire—so easy to obtain that it was only necessary to prod the soil with a stick and set fire to the vapor that issued out of it—was continued until so recent a time as 20 years ago, when several Parsee priests were in Baku for the purpose of worshiping that which we of this iconoclastic time buy in the corner groceries to fill our lamps.—Julian Ralph in Harper's Magazine.

A chime made of 18 bronze tubes arranged in two parallel rows and struck by hammers working from a keyboard has been set up in the town hall of Levallois-Perret, near Paris. The tubes vary in length from 4½ to 9 feet, and in weight from 57 to 100 pounds.

Whistling is tabooed in the dressing rooms of a circus. That it is an ill omen is one of the superstitions of the circus people. Somebody is sure to be discharged if any one whistles, they say.

More than 11,000,000 yards of tweed are used annually for clothing the male population of London alone.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened it clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at R. R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. †

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia. This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE MOUNTAIN MAID.

She Had a Natural Anxiety, Which She Made Manifest.

As my horse, puffing like a porpoise, drew me and my buckboard up the last sharp acclivity of the mountain road that led out into the pass between the summits rising on either hand he would have exercised his privilege and stopped a moment to blow, but 100 yards ahead of us I saw a bright bit of calico gleaming in the morning sun, and, driving on, I came up to a buxom mountain maid sitting on a stump at a point where a footpath leading up from the valley met the main road.

"Good mornin," she said before I had a chance to stop, and there seemed to be an anxious tone in the voice.

"Good morning," I responded, and I was on the point of asking her how far it was to the next place, a favorite manner of starting a conversation on mountain roads, when she broke in.

"Air you a preacher?" she asked.

"No," I answered, with a smile, for I had never been asked that question before.

"Nor a squire?"

"No."

"Well, Jim Martin's comin along this away purty soon now, an I wuz jis' axin so's thar wouldn't be no mistakes."

"I don't quite understand your explanation," I said, completely in the dark as to what she was trying to get at.

"I reckon not, but I ain't takin no chances, an I thought I'd better stop you while I had the chance."

"Thank you, I'm sure, but if you will tell me what's up I may be able to know what you are talking about."

She laughed good naturedly.

"Well, you see it's this a-way," she said. "Jim, he's been a-courtin an a-sparkin round me fer about two ye'r now, an last night he popped an says ez how ef I'd be here this mornin ez he come along we'd go down to Logville an git hitched, an Jim's mighty onreliable, an like's not ef we got thar an the preacher ner the squire warn't thar I'd never git Jim in the mind ag'in, so I kinder thought mebbe you might be the squire er the preacher an I didn't want you to git away. Ef you meet Jim anywheres down the road, don't tell him you seen me, fer I don't want him skeert."—Washington Star.

ABOUT THE WEATHER.

Mr. Wingleby Explains to Georgie About the Seasons.

"You see, Georgie," said Mr. Wingleby, whose youthful son had asked him how we came to have different kinds of weather, "the weather is put up in tin cans, a day's weather to a can, and usually they put up about a year's supply ahead, enough to last through a spring, summer, autumn and winter. In filling the cans they sort it all out as well as possible. Sometimes when they get a can full there may be a little left over, and whatever remains in this way they throw into one lot. When they've got pretty nearly all the cans full and the regular stock of weather has run out, they fill up from that lot of odds and ends. The cans so filled contain what is called variable weather, because it's mixed, but most of the weather they get pretty well sorted out according to the season.

"When they've got all the cans filled, they stack 'em up where they'll be handy to get at, and there's a man that does nothing but open them. Every day he cuts a can and pours out the weather for that day, and of course a great deal depends upon him. Sometimes this man gets careless and pulls down a lot of the wrong cans, getting them, say, from the July shelf in the month of April and likely as not getting down a week's supply at once, so as to have them handy on the opening table. Of course he discovers his mistake the first can he opens, but he is too lazy to put the rest back, and so he keeps on then until he has opened them all, and that's how it comes about, as it sometimes does, that we get a hot spell at a season when we ought to have nothing but cool weather.

"But of course those April cans are not lost. They must be around somewhere, and we get 'em later. Maybe the man will sprinkle them along with the hope that we won't notice them much, but as likely as not he opens them one after another together, maybe after some terribly hot spell in July or August, when they are sure to be a blessed relief, and if he does this we are pretty apt to forgive him his mistake in April."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Clever Man.

It is said of a contributor to some of the comic papers of the day that his wit shines more brightly in his speech than in his "copy."

"What a clever man that Tompkins is," he said lately to an acquaintance, referring to a well dressed, ordinary looking man who had just passed him with a bow.

"Clever!" echoed the other. "Why, I never heard of his saying or doing anything!"

"That's just it," returned the writer gravely. "Think of his being able to live without saying or doing anything. I couldn't."—Youth's Companion.

Its Usefulness.

Mrs. Newlywed—That is our new burglar alarm. You see, if a burglar should get into the lower part of the house, that would ring.

Her Mother—Oh, and scare him off?

Mrs. Newlywed (doubtfully)—Well, it might, but it would give Clarence and me plenty of time to hide in the attic anyway.—Pick Me Up.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 6, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

Julia Elizabeth, Sweeting, 80 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Sarah E Douglas, Higgs, 90 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm F Campbell, Strout, 168 tons, J T Riley & Co.

Gem, Foss, 439 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

D J Sawyer, Kelly, 327 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore (Br) Small, 277 tons, J T Riley & Co.

Emma Knowlton, Hudson, 309 tons, George Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lister, 266 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Margaret B Roper, 394 tons, Crammer, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

E C Gates, 129 tons, Langley, Cape Fear Lumber Co.

Robert F Bratton, Harris, 80 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Regulator, Davis, 68 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Emma C Middleton, 510 tons, Endicote, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lucy Wheatley, 180 tons, Taylor Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Hindoustan (Br) 1,849 tons, Flowers, J H Sloan.

Riftswood (Br) Dixon, 1,166 tons, A S Heide & Co.

Buckingham (Br) Cole, 1,876 tons, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Karoon (Br) Freeman, 1,343 tons, Powers, Gibbs & Co.

Kassala (Br) Brown, 2,497 tons, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Victor (Nor) 614 tons, Ostrik, A S Heide & Co.

ARMY LIFE.

Its Social Informality Constitutes One of Its Great Charms.

"Army life is informal to a degree," said Mrs. Custer, during a recent interview. "The custom of using cards when calling is only of very recent date among officers' wives. When I lived in garrison, we should never have dreamed of such a thing. It is only at a few of the larger posts, near the cities, where there is anything like the formality of civic life. The people in a garrison are like one great family. Nothing that deeply concerns any member is a matter of indifference to the others, and the spirit of good fellowship is universal. In time of sickness the friendly helpfulness of the women for each other is shown strongly. Many a time I have known a number of women to detail themselves, in regular military fashion, to duty in the house of sickness at certain hours, relieving one another through the day and night with absolute precision, so that the sick person should never be left without an attendant.

"With all this close intimacy there is surprisingly little friction or ill feeling. There are, of course, at every post a few people who are disagreeable or hard to get along with, but they cause no more trouble in general than they do in their own households. They belong, we feel, to our army family, and their shortcomings must be overlooked just as we should overlook the faults of a husband or brother or sister. No distinctions between rich and poor are ever observed. There is occasionally a question about calling upon new arrivals, but it is solely on account of reputation and honor. If there has been anything discreditable to the good name of an officer or his wife, the circumstances must be investigated before other families of the post will call."—Philadelphia Times.

Where Princes Are Sacred.

When a young prince of Japan wishes to learn the mysteries of chirography, young maidens bring paper, others make the ink and prepare the paint brush. The master expresses admiration by gesture and face, for no words must be spoken by him to the prince, his mouth even being bandaged that his breath may not blow upon the face of the prince. The teacher must move about in the quietest manner and give commendation only.

How Dead Soldiers Look.

A British army surgeon is authority for the statement that the cause of death is clearly shown in the expression of the face of a corpse on the field of battle. He states that those who have been killed by sword thrusts have a look of repose, while those killed by bullets usually have pain of an intense nature clearly depicted.

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles, I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky."

Sold by R R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	7	@	7¼
Standard	7½	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ lb		@	8
Shoulders ℔ lb	6¼	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	46	@	47
Virginia Meal	47	@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80	@	8[illegible]
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	16
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 00	@	4 35
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	47
Car-load, in brgs—White		@	46
Oats, from store	35	@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ lb—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay		@	75
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1⅞	@	2
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	2[illegible] 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	10 50	@	11 00
Rump	10 50	@	11 00
Prime		@	10 50
ROPE ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	5½
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	4 50
Inferior to ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N.C Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per lb—Unwashed	10	@	15

SOMETHING NEW

5¢



Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 36¾ cts per gallon for machine-made casks and 36¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 97½ cents per bbl for Strained and $1.02½ for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.30 per barrel for Hard, $2.00 for Dip, and $2.00 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 30¾@29¼c; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm, $1.05; crude turpentine quiet, $1.40 $1.90, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	43
Rosin	756
Tar	409
Crude turpentine	121

Receipts same day last year.—38 casks spirits turpentine, 222 bbls rosin, 231 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2	9-16	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	3	15-16	" "
Low Middling	4	9 16	" "
Middling	5		" "
Good Middling	5	5-16	" "

Same day last year middling 5⅝c.

Receipts—2,669 bales; same day last year, 3,611.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 45 to 55c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Virginia—Extra prime 65c; fancy, 70c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½ to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 5.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¼@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 484¼@484½ for demand and at 481½@481¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 482@482½ and 485½. Commercial bills 480½. Silver certificates 60½@61½. Bar silver 59 11 16. Mexican dollars 46⅝. Government bonds firmer; U. S. new 3's —; U. S. new registered 4's, 127⅝; do. coupon, 127¾; U. S. 4's 111; do. coupon, 112½; do. 2's, 99¼; U. S. 5's, registered, 112⅜; do. 5's, coupon, 112½. State bonds easier; N. C. 6's, 129; do. 4's, 104.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 5.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, December 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37c asked; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales

SAVANNAH, December 5.—Spirits turpentine closed firm at 37c; sales 548 casks; receipts 843 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,045 barrels; receipts 3,561 barrels; quotations unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Trading was very energetic in cotton at the outset this morning and prices advanced four and seven points on the first call Wall street buying was a conspicuous feature during the afternoon. The derangement to the wire service by the storm of Sunday shut out a good many orders and delayed features of statistics, leading to some hesitation here. The English cables were much better than had been looked for. The indications of renewed activity in spot cotton at Liverpool was a particularly gratifying feature of the English advices; private cables predicted well sustained activity in the demand for spot cotton in the Southern markets Fall River advices were also favorable, but following the first call outside speculative support failed to meet expectations and realizing and short selling set in with a reaction of four points. The market closed steady at unchanged prices to one point higher than Saturday's figures.

NEW YORK, December 5.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 5⅝c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; December 5.42c, January 5 43c, February 5.44c, March 5.46c, April 5.50c, May 5.51c, June 5 57c, July 5.61c, August 5.64c, September 5.62c, October 5.64c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling gulf 5⅞c; middling uplands 5⅝c; sales 1,100 bales.

Net receipts 1,398 bales; gross receipts 5,519 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 75,788 bales; exports to Great Britain 35,400 bales; exports to France 7,665 bales; exports to the Continent 9,667 bales; stock 1,269,057 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 158,260 bales; exports to Great Britain 87,932 bales; exports to France 18,903 bales; exports to the Continent 38,240 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 4,505,541 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,617,903 bales; exports to France 316,607 bales; exports to the Continent 1,112,862 bales.

December 5.—Galveston, firm at 5¼c, net receipts 26,634 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5 5 16c, net receipts 8,758 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5½c, net receipts 575 bales; Boston, dull at 5⅝c, net receipts 848 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5c, net receipts 2,669 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 5⅞c, net receipts 795 bales; Savannah, steady at 4⅞c, net receipts 8,017 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5c, net receipts 16,834 bales; Mobile, firm at 5c, net receipts 2,301 bales; Memphis, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 9 074 bales; Augusta, steady at 5 7 16@5½c, net receipts 1,474 bales; Charleston, firm at 5c, net receipts 6,516 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 5.—Flour was quoted inactive and lower to sell; Minnesota patents $3 70@4 00. Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 76c; options opened dull and easy on cables; the interrupted wire service, coupled with the late weakness abroad and the absence of export orders promoted depression all day and final prices were ⅜@½c net lower; No. 2 red March closed 73⅞c; May closed 70¾c; December closed 72¾. Corn—spot steady; No. 2, 41c; options opened steady on unsettled weather and were later sustained by the export demand closed partly ½c higher; May closed 39⅝c. Oats—Spot easier; No. 2, 31¼c; options dull and featureless. Beef steady. Cut meats quiet. Lard steady; Western steam closed $5 40; December $5 40, nominal; refined lard steady. Butter steady; Western creamery 15 @20c; Western factory 12@14½c; Elgins 20c; State dairy 15@22c. Cheese firm; large white 10@ 0¼c. Potatoes steady; Jerseys $1 00@1 37½; New York $1 25@1 50; Long Island $1 25 @1 75; Jersey sweets $1 25@2 25; Southern sweets 50@65c. Cotton seed oil quiet; prime crude 17½@18c; prime summer yellow 21@22c. Rice firm. Cabbage steady; per 100, $1 50@3 00. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet but steady; No. 7 invoice 6⅜c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅞c; mild firm. Sugar—Raw firm but inactive; fair refining 3 15-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 7-16c; refined dull.

CHICAGO, December 5.—Business on 'Change to-day was pared down to very small proportions by the interruption to wire facilities by the recent storm, and the tendency of grain prices was, principally for this reason, slightly downward. Wheat closed ⅛ and ⅜c lower. Corn unchanged, and oats ⅛c lower. Provisions, however, were firm and closed 7½ and 17½ cents higher.

CHICAGO, December 5—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 61@64½c; No. red 69@69½. Corn—No. 2 34@34½c. Oats—No. 2, 26@26½c; No. 2 white, free on board, 28½@28¾c; No. 3 white, free on board, 28⅜@29c. Pork, per barrel, $8 00@8 05. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 00 @5 20. Short rib sides, loose, $4 52@4 75. Dry salted shoulders, $4 25@4 37½. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 95 @5 00. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 26.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, December 65¼, 65⅜, 65⅛, 65⅛; May 66@66⅛, 66⅞, 65¾@65⅞, 65⅞@66. Corn—December 33¼, 33⅜, 33⅛, 33¼@33⅜c; May 34¼@34⅜, 34⅜, 34⅛, 34¼@34⅜; July 34⅞, 34⅞, 34⅝@34¾, 34⅞. Oats—December 26, 26, 25½, 25⅞; May 26, 26½, 26, 26¼c. Pork, per barrel—December $8 00; January $9 27½, 9 37½, 9 22½, 9 32½; May $9 50, 9 60, 9 45, 9 57½. Lard, per 100 lbs—December $5 00. January $5 15, 5 20, 5 15, 5 17½; May $5 32½, 5 37½, 5 30, 5 32½. Ribs, per 100 lbs, December $4 47½; January $4 65, 4 70, 4 62½, 4 67½; May $4 80, 4 85, 4 77½, 4 82½.

BALTIMORE, December 5.—Flour dull; western super $2.15@2.50. Wheat dull and easy—spot 71¼@71½c; month 71¼@71½c; January 71¾@72c; May 71¼c. Southern wheat by sample 62@72c. Corn dull—spot 38¾@38⅞c; new or old December, 38½@38¾c; January 38¼@38⅜; February 38¼c bid. Southern white corn 36¼@39c. Oats dull and easy; No. 2 white western 33¼@33½c.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, December 5, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot, good business done; prices steady American middling 3⅛d. The sales of the day were 15,000 bales, of which 2,000 were for speculation and export and included 13,100 bales American. Receipts 44,000 bales, including 43,900 bales American.

Futures opened steady with a moderate demand and closed quiet but steady. American middling (l. m. c.): December 3 4-64d buyer; December and January 3 3-64d buyer; January and February 3 3 64d buyer; February and March 3 4 64d seller; March and April 3 4 64@3 5-64d buyer; April and May 3 5-64@3 6-64d seller; May and June 3 6-64d buyer; June and July 3 7-64d seller; July and August 3 7-64@3 8 64d buyer; August and September 3 8 64d seller; September and October 3 8-64d buyer; October and November 3 8 64@3 9 64d seller.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Steamship Geo W Clyde, 1,514 tons, Robinson, New York, H G Smallbones.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Steamship Geo W Clyde—36 cases cotton flannel, 5 bbls crude turpentine, 240 bbls tar, 288 bbls spirits turpentine, 325 bbls rosin, 85 bags peanuts, 938 bales cotton, 134,777 feet lumber.

DUCRO'S

Alimentary

ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington N. C.

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WOULDN'T BURN HIS BOOTS.

Though He Didn't Mind the Effect on His Stomach.

After he had sold his load of wood and had received $4.25 for it he strolled over to the little combination billiard parlor and barroom on the other side of the square. His faded old eyes lighted up and his new cowhide boots, larded generously in grease, squeaked exultantly as he thought of that drink he had been planning to get ever since he left the farm at daybreak.

"Jest one old snifter
Of that good old lifter,"

he cooed to himself, "and I'll be primed ter start fer home.

"About one finger of that old red eye will do the bizness, I calculate," he confided to the bartender, as he pulled a feverish red mitten from his right hand and jammed it down in his "pants" pocket. "I ain't a driukin man—never was—but when it's so cold outside yer breath freezes ter t'waggin wheels ye's got ter resort ter some powerful remedy ter thaw it out."

The bartender agreed with him. For months he had watched the old farmers come in, order just one finger of whisky and drink a whole handful of fingers for the manifestly unfair expenditure of 10 cents. He had decided to put a stop to it, and the farmer with the new cowhide boots was the first victim.

The remedy he placed before him was powerful enough to thaw the Yukon. The old man poured his glass full—just as the bartender knew he would—and gulped it down in one big swallow. The effect was instantaneous. The victim gave one convulsive shudder, looked reproachfully at the bartender and whirled around four times. Then he sat down and hastily began to pull off his cowhide boots.

"What the mischief are you doing that for?" inquired the astonished bartender.

"Can't ye see them's brand new boots?" gasped the victim. "D'ye think I'm goin ter let them burn up tew?"—New York Press.

Beware of imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

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For Sale.

One Car-Load Mixed Corn

at Less Than Market Price.

200 Boxes Tobacco.

100 Bags Coffee.

100 Boxes Dried Apples.

and full line of other goods at Bottom Prices

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

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The North Carolina

College of Agriculture

AND

Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

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Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,

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EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL,

Near Alexandria, Virginia,

For Boys The 60th year opens Sept. 28, 1898. Important additional improvements in building and equipment

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. Blackford, M. A., Principal.

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TO THE PUBLIC.

I have leased the Barber Shop and fixtures of Mr. Arthur Prempert, No. 11 South Front street, where I will be pleased to serve the old patrons of the shop and many new ones. JOHN E. COWELL.

se 2 tf

BIG G CURES In 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A GOOD STORY.

But the Author Would Be a Poor Man to Write History.

"The most desperate personal act I witnessed during the war was performed by a Wisconsin cavalryman," said C. J. Hilton of Madison. "It was at Fleetwood Hill, and the man discounted the capture made at Ciudad Rodrigo by Charles O'Malley's man, Mickey Free. The Wisconsin man rode out between two great cavalry forces—Union and Confederate—and attacked a lieutenant and two men belonging to Jeb Stuart's force, and after a hand to hand saber fight, lasting fully ten minutes, captured the three and brought them in. It was the prettiest fight of the kind I ever saw, and the Wisconsin trooper was cheered by every man on our side who witnessed his act and by some of Stuart's riders. I don't know who the man was, but my recollection is that he belonged to the Second Wisconsin."

A man who wore the Loyal Legion button said he did not think the Second Wisconsin was in the fight with Stuart at Brandy Station and Fleetwood Hill. He asked for the story, however:

"I was a member of the Eighth New York," said Mr. Hilton, "and our regiment was part of the cavalry command sent under Pleasonton to look up Jeb Stuart just before Gettysburg. We found Stuart—yellow sash, black hat plumes, gold spurs and all that—at Brandy Station, and with him were all his riders. The fight was a hot one, and we came very near being beautifully whipped, although we claimed the victory on the ground that we learned what we wanted to know—where Stuart was and what Lee was about. Some of the heaviest fighting of the day was at a spot called Fleetwood Hill, and it was there that the Wisconsin trooper captured his three men.

"We had been at it hammer and tongs for two or three hours, when there came one of those let ups you all have seen—for all the world like two bulldogs looking for a fresh hold. While both sides were waiting for the order to advance a Confederate lieutenant and two men rode out from their tents, moving toward us as if searching for something on the field. Everybody on our side watched them and wondered what they were looking for. The two lines were fully two-thirds of a mile apart, and the three had got about a third of the way across toward us. Then over on the right of our line was a stir and commotion, and the excitement spread along until it reached us.

"The right of our line was concealed from us by a little grove of oak trees. A trooper in blue, mounted on a big bay that looked and carried himself like a thoroughbred, was riding out to meet those three men in gray. He sat on his horse like a riding school master. When within 100 yards of Stuart's three men he halted, saluted with his saber and dropped his carbine and revolver. The three men from the other side had been watching him, and, understanding the challenge, dropped their arms.

"Then came the fight. It was a saber contest, with three against one. That Wisconsin man disarmed that lieutenant in two passes, hamstrung the horse of another and put his blade through the shoulder of the third. He brought the three into our lines.

"What do you think of that?" he concluded.

"The story is all right," said one of the listeners, "but I don't think you would do to write history."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Word "Toast."

The word "toast," used for describing the proposal of a health in an after dinner speech, dates back to mediæval times, when the loving cup was still regarded as an indispensable feature of every banquet. The cup would be filled to the brim with wine or mead, in the center of which would be floating a piece of toasted bread. After putting his lips thereto the host would pass the cup to the guest of honor seated on his right hand, and the latter would in turn pass it to his right hand neighbor. In this manner the cup would circulate around the table, each one present taking a sip, until finally the cup would come back to the host, who would drain what remained and swallow the piece of toast in honor of all the friends assembled at his table.

Two Surprises.

"It beats all how some people spend money."

"Yes, and it beats all how some people get money to spend."—Detroit Free Press.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SEA FIGHT SIGNALS.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION USED BY OUR WARSHIPS.

Flags In the Daytime and Electric Lights at Night Chiefly Used — The Secrets of the Signal Books Are Closely Guarded. The Wigwag System.

In a naval battle the success or failure of a fleet may depend on keeping open communication between the different vessels of the squadron engaged. Owing to the fact that the surface of the sea would often be obscured by the smoke of battle the difficulty of this is apparent, and naval experts have been kept busy devising some method by which the flagship can communicate with the other vessels of a squadron at all times and under all conditions. So far nothing has been put in general service which meets this demand.

The present method of communication is by the use of flags representing numerals, which are displayed in the rigging; by the use of the Ardois system of lights for night work, by the Myer code of wigwag signals and by the use of the heliograph. As it is of the utmost importance that the enemy should not read the messago the signal books on board a vessel are protected with the greatest care and are destroyed along with the cipher code whenever it is seen that capture is inevitable. The semaphore system in use in the British navy was tried for a time aboard some of our vessels, but it never became popular and has been abandoned.

In signaling by the navy code the sentence to be sent is looked up in the codebook and its corresponding number is obtained. This number is never more than four figures, on account of the necessity of setting the signal with the least delay. The number having been obtained, the quartermaster in charge of the signal chest proceeds to bend the flags representing the numerals to the signal halyards, so as to read from the top down. These flags represent the numerals from 1 to 9 and 0, and there is a triangular pennant termed a repeater, which is used in a combination where one or more numerals recur. The numbers refer to those found in the general signal book, in which are printed all the words, phrases and sentences necessary to frame an order, make an inquiry, indicate a geographical position or signal a compass course. Answering, interrogatory, preparatory and geographical pennants form part of this code; also telegraph, danger, dispatch and quarantine flags.

The signal, having been prepared, is hoisted and left flying until the vessel to which the message has been sent signifies that it is understood by hoisting what is called the answering pennant. If the number hoisted by the flagship is a preparatory order for a fleet movement, it is left flying until all the vessels of the fleet have answered and then is pulled down, the act of pulling the signal down being understood as the command for the execution of the movement just communicated.

It is often necessary for a man-of-war to communicate with a merchant vessel or with some other warship belonging to a foreign country. For this purpose the international code is also carried in the signal chest. These signals are those in general use by all the merchant navies of the world for communication by day at sea. There are 18 flags and a code pennant, corresponding to consonants of the alphabet, omitting X and Z. The code pennant is always used with these signals.

If a message is to be sent at night, the Ardois system of night signals, with which all our vessels carrying an electric plant are fitted, is employed. These signals consist essentially of five groups of double lamps, the two lamps in each group containing incandescent electric lamps and showing white and red respectively. By the combination of these lights letters can be formed, and so letter by letter a word and thence an order can be spelled out for the guidance of the ships of a squadron. These lamps are suspended on a stay in the rigging and are worked by a keyboard from the upper bridge.

On the smaller ships of the service, those which are not fitted with electric lighting, Very's night signals are used. This set includes the implements for firing and recharging the signals. The latter show as green and red stars on being projected from the pistols made for them. The combination of red and green in various ways is used to express the numbers from 1 to 9 and 0, so that the numbers, to four digits, contained in the signal book may be displayed.

The Meyer wigwag system is employed either by day or by night. Flags and torches are employed. The official flag is a red field with a small white square in the center. The unofficial flag is the same with the colors reversed. The operator, having attracted the attention of the ship which is to be signaled by waving the flag or torch from right to left, transmits his message by motions right, left and front, each motion representing an element of a letter of the alphabet, the letter being made up of from one to four motions.

When circumstances permit, the heliograph is sometimes used. The rays of the sun are thrown by a system of mirrors to the point with which it is desired to communicate and then interrupted by means of a shutter, making dots and dashes as used in the Morse telegraph code. This system is used only when operations ashore are going on, as the rolling of the ship would prevent the concentration of the sun's rays.

The present systems of flag signaling are products of experience in the past and are the natural growth of the cruder flag system in use in the war of 1812 and in the civil war. There have been some changes in the construction of flags, and the scope of communication has been enlarged, but otherwise our forefathers talked at sea in much the same way that we do now. Of course the Ardois light signal is something very modern. In old times they communicated at night either with colored lights or by torches, but as there was no alphabetical code in those days the process was by means of flashes, representing numbers in the signal book, and it was long and tedious.—New York Sun.

A Prank of the Prince of Wales.

During the late Charles Fechter's management of the Lyceum theater the actor was frequently visited in his dressing room by the Prince of Wales, who took lessons from him in the art of "making up." One day his royal highness suddenly presented himself before the queen in the guise of a mendicant. His dress was tattered, his face begrimed and dirty and his hair, or rather the wig he employed for the purpose, in appropriate disorder. Her majesty, not doubting that by some means a genuine beggar had got into the palace, flew in great alarm to a bell, but before the attendants could reach the room the prince threw off his disguise. He was very proud of the fact that the queen had not recognized him.—Eureka.

Sick Fish.

When a fish in an aquarium is ailing or injured, it is put into a reserve tank, out of sight of the visitors, and where it can be looked after at any time. The circulation of the tank is adjusted with great nicety to give the fish the greatest possible amount of water, and with the constant renewal of water the greatest possible amount of fresh air. A fresh water fish may be treated with salt water baths. The fish is fed on the food best suited to its condition or most likely to suit its fancy.

It may lie on the bottom of the tank motionless for hours, like a sick person in a bed. It may sometimes seem to be dead, but a closer inspection will show a feeble movement of the gill covers, which marks the fish's respiration. After all, the fish may die; oftener, under treatment, it recovers, and then it goes back to its place in the display tanks.—New York Sun.

How They Looked to Her.

I was visiting a friend's house with my little girl of 5 years. On being shown a photograph of English choir boys with their surplices on she exclaimed, "Oh, mamma, look at all these gentlemen waiting to be shaved."—People's Friend.

Welsh mothers put a pair of tongs or a knife in the cradle to insure the safety of their children. The knife is also used for the same purpose in some parts of England.

ALMOST SECOND NATURE.

Cyclists Unconsciously Follow the Rules of the Road When Walking.

You can tell a bicycle rider by his walk. Not because of a peculiarity of gait, but for the reason that he unconsciously follows the rules of the road that he has learned while riding a bicycle.

On the sidewalks of the crowded streets of New York and Brooklyn a gentleman whose acquaintance among bicycle riders is quite extensive has, as a matter of curiosity, watched his cycling friends walking to and from business. Almost without exception they pass to the right when meeting other pedestrians and to the left when passing them from behind. When turning a corner, the pedestrian who has learned to cycle hugs the wall closely if going to the right and is almost sure to make a long turn if bound to the left.

If all pedestrians would observe the rules of the road on the sidewalks as well as the experienced cyclists observe them on the highways, there would be fewer toes trampled upon and fewer persons nudged in the ribs by protruding and sharp elbows.

There is nothing more annoying to the participants and nothing more laughable to the spectator than to see two persons dancing up and down and taking a series of side steps because both started to pass each other in the wrong direction.

The bicycle is unconsciously teaching people how best to keep out of each other's way. Any one who does not think the result is sure to be beneficial ought to attempt to stem a crowd coming from a theater or crossing the bridge at rush hours. There will be no polish left on the rash individual's shoes, there will be mud stains on his garments, and a feeling of deep, bitter resentment against all mankind in his bosom.—New York Journal.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm

contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membranes. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

Secretary.

se 11y tu th sa

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.

September Mullets.

se 1 tf



New Load of HORSES AND MULES

Just arrived, and among them several nice Drivers and Saddlers. Also, a lot of Cheap Mules, which we will sell at a low price

F. T. MILLS,

Corner Second and Princess streets

de 3 tf Fennell's Stables.

Send Us Your Orders

For Fresh Cakes and Crackers, Cheese, New Catch Mullets.

ALSO, MEAT, MEAL, MOLASSES, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

And we will fill at Bottom Prices.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

oc 2 1t

"Christmas comes but once a year," but each time it brings no gift more welcome in the home than

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER OF THE

New York Herald

Out Sunday, Dec. 11th, 1898.

Each Holiday Season the Herald "goes its if one better," and this year it proposes to maintain its record.

Superb Its High Art Supplements, In Every Respect Will Be which will contain exquisite and appropriate full page pictures in color, by such clever artists as

KELLER, ASHE and GRAHAM,

Fascinating the Literary Features and of absorbing interest, will be unexcelled by any contemporaneous publication. The list of contributors of fiction will include the names of

FRANK R. STOCKTON,
GEORGE R. SIMS,
WILLIAM LE QUEUX,
MARY E. WILKINS

and other well known story tellers.

A Page of Christmas Talks

By Popular New York Clergymen Will Be Another Delightful Feature.

These are but a few of the many elements that will go to make up one of the very best Christmas numbers yet issued by a modern newspaper.

It Will Be "a Thing of Beauty" and "a Joy Forever."

DON'T FORGET THE DATE OF ISSUE.

December 11.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS AT ONCE FOR

The Christmas Herald of 1898.

no 30 3t

A REVOLUTION in HARDWARE,

TINNING, PLUMBING.

Let us Figure on your wants.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

no 27 tf

Carrying Coals to Newcastle



Would be as unnecessary as looking around Wilmington for any better COAL than you will find right here at this yard. No one can offer you better than the best, and every one in Wilmington knows that

Our Coal is Clean

and well screened, high grade and perfectly satisfactory, and you Can't Beat Us on Prices Anywhere.

WM. E. WORTH & CO.

no 1 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

RESULTS, if you Deposit in THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,

$1	a week for 5 years you will have	$ 286
$2	" " " " "	$ 572
$3	" " " " "	$ 858
$4	" " " " "	$1144
$5	" " " " "	$1430
$10	" " " " "	$2860
$15	" " " " "	$4290
$1	for 10 years	$ 687
$2	" " "	$1 74
$3	" " "	$1911
$4	" " "	$2548
$5	" " "	$3185
$10	" " "	$6370
$15	" " "	$9555

STEP BY STEP YOU GO A LONG WAY.

de 2tf

"COMFORTS"

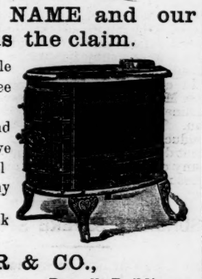


IS OUR NAME and our work maintains the claim.

Ask hundreds of people that are using us and see what they say.

Our COMFORT and BOXWOOD claim to give more heat with less fuel and last longer than any Stove on the market.

Just try us. Don't ask any more than this.



WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

no 6 tf Purcell Building.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Sept. 20th, 1898. Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$638,485 52	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	453 37	Surplus	$70,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	95,000 00	Undivided profits	12,600 73— 82,600 73
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	40,500 00
Due from other Banks	$133,778 02	U. S. Deposits	$ 50 000 00
Cash on hand	77,717 73—211,495 75	Other Deposits	657,933 91—707,933 91
Total	$956,034 64	Total	$956,034 64

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	Sept. 20, '98.	Sept. 20, '97.	Sept. 20, '98.
Total Deposits	$468,100 00	$594,000	$707,000
Surplus and Net Profits	57,500	70 500	82 600

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892 se 20 tf

Food for Thought



IT WILL GIVE YOU WHEN YOU SEE THE PRICES WE HAVE PLACED ON OUR HANDSOME LINE OF PARLOR AND LIBRARY TABLES JUST OPENED, TOGETHER WITH NEW SIDEBOARDS, COUCHES AND FANCY MAHOGANY AND OAK ROCKERS. WE ASSURE YOU THESE ARE THE MOST ELEGANT EVER SHOWN IN WILMINGTON.

BUY A PERFECTION MATTRESS. THE GREATEST COMFORT OF THEM ALL. NEVER PACKS OR KNOTS.

THE SNEED CO.,

no 8 tf Second and Market Streets.

The First Instalment

OF THE

Jenness Miller Hygenic Shoes

for Ladies, in Button and Lace, several different Toes, have just arrived, and to be appreciated for elegance, ease and durability must be seen and tried.

Price, $3.50.

Our Duttenhoffer Ladies' Shoes, all styles, are more popular than ever, making new acquaintances every day

Our Mundell's Children's Shoes is lifhold their place in public favor.

And Our W. L. Douglass Shoes for Men, Boys and Youths—well, don't mention it!

Do not forget, also, that we have a full stock of

All Kinds of Shoes.

As Cheap as the Cheapest and as Good as the Best.

Our Popular Contest for Presents is on again, ending January 1st, 1899. Begin now!

MERCER & EVANS,

no 17 tf H. C. Evans' old stand.

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa 1y 24 2m

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats

tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS THIS WEEK.

Fish and Fish Roe,

Butter and Cheese,

Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts,

Cakes and Crackers.

CANDIES—In Penny goods, Fancy Mixed and Stick. Get our prices before buying.

no 30 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule In Effect May 29, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., leaves Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:55 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:50 P. M., Wadesboro 8:11 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., leaves Weldon 11:50 A. M., Raleigh 3:40 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:56 P. M., Athens 8:45 A. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 4:40 P. M., Richmond 8:56 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., leave Weldon 11:28 P. M., Raleigh 2:16 A. M., Sanford 3:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Rockingham 5:29 A. M., Wadesboro 5 53 A. M., Monroe 6:45 A. M., Charlotte 7:50 A. M., Lincolnton 10:35 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 P. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:30 P. M., Athens 11:10 P. M., Monroe 6:05 A. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 A. M., Monroe 5:55 A. M., Wadesboro 7:01 A. M., Hamlet 8:00 A. M., Raleigh 11:25 A. M., Weldon 2:45 P. M.; arrive Portsmouth 3:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12 05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 M. Leaves Athens 3:13 P. M., Monroe 9:40 P. M. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:38 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:30 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:28 P. M., Monroe 9:40 P. M., Wadesboro 10:31 P. M., Rockingham 11:15 P. M., Hamlet 12:15 P. M., Sanford 1:02 A. M., Raleigh 2:16 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:20 A. M., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect November 20th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 10 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 00 M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 20 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 28 "
Leave Sanford	1 50 "
Leave Climax	2 44 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 15 "
Leave Greensboro	4 25 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 12 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 41 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 13 "
Arrive Mt Airy	7 25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Arrive Greensboro	12 13 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 52 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 08 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 17 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 00 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 55 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 25 "

SOUTH BOMND.	No. 15 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 13 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

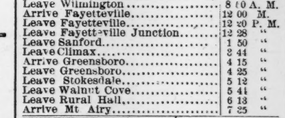
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

no 23 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, November 26
ONEIDA.....Saturday, December 3

Wilmington for Boston.

PAWNEE.....Monday, November 28

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, November 29
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, December 3

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, November 22
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, December 6

Steamship Geo. W. Clyde does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. no 23 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 75 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B HARKER, Secretary jan 1 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad



Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2:40 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newberry for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3:00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents Sold by

For sale by feb 1 tf B. R. BELLAMY'S Druggist.

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 6.

FOR RIVERS AND HARBORS.

Estimates of Appropriations by the Secretary of the Treasury for the Year Ending June, 1890.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, December 5.—In conformity with the requirements of law, the Secretary of the Treasury to day transmitted to Congress the estimates of appropriations required for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, as furnished by the several executive departments. These estimates, including permanent annual appropriations, aggregate $593,048 378, as against $802,875 513, the amount of the appropriations, including deficiencies and miscellaneous, for the fiscal year 1899, and $468 678,875, the amount of the estimates for 1899.

The estimate for the military establishment amounts to $145,119,431; for the naval establishments, $39,114 652; for the naval magazine at Norfolk, Va., $27,500.

Following are some of the important items submitted by the Light House service: Light vessels for Cape Lookout shoals, N. C., $90,000; light station, Cape Fear, N. C, $35.000; light depot at Charleston, S. C., $35,000; for improvement at navy yard, Norfolk, Va., including concrete and granite dry dock, $2,000,000; improvements at naval station, Port Royal, S. C., $145 000; improvements at naval station, Key West, including purchase of additional land, $112,520.

The total amount asked for continuing or completing improvements of rivers and harbors is $28,523,778, the larger items being as follows:

Harbor at Winyah Bay, S. C, $400,000; harbor at Savannah, Ga., $200,000; Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Florida, $400,000; Improving James River, Virginia, $150,000; Cape Fear River near Wilmington, N. C, $150,010; Coosa River, Georgia, $350,000; St. John's river, Florida, $200,000.

The Postmaster General estimates the deficiency in the postal revenue for 1900 at $4,365,888. The estimates for army and navy pensions is $144,000,000; cost of pension service $1,233,830.

PARIS PEACE COMMISSION.

Long Discussion Concerning Details as to Guaranteeing Rights of Spaniards in the Ceded Colonies.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, Dec. 5 —The American peace commissioners held a long conference this morning before going to the foreign office to meet the Spanish commissioners at 3 o'clock P. M. The Americans, apparently, had changed the form, if not the substance, of some of their demands as a result of their deliberations during the past three days.

The joint commission was in session for over four hours. Much of the discussion concerned details as to the guaranteeing of the rights of Spanish citizens in the ceded colonies. The debate was occasionally energetic and the Spaniards, on emerging, appeared to be dejected.

Secretary Ojeda, of the Spanish commission, when questioned after the meeting as to the progress made, answered excitedly: "I am almost mad "I cannot talk. We are making progress."

The American commissioners declined to say anything further than the progress made was satisfactory.

The Spanish commissioners have received authority to bind their government on certain matters, but there are yet important questions on which their instructions are unsatisfactory and it is likely that many of the details involved in the change of sovereignty in the Spanish colonies will be left for settlement in the regular diplomatic process, when relations between the two governments are resumed.

MISS HELEN GOULD.

Resolution Introduced in the House Tendering the Thanks of Congress and a Gold Medal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—General Wheeler, of Alabama, to-day introduced in the House, through Representative Stalling, a resolution providing that in recognition of the patriotic devotion and bounteous benevolence of Miss Helen Miller Gould, to the soldiers of the army of the United States during the war with Spain, the thanks of Congress are hereby tendered her, and Congress hereby authorizes and directs that a gold medal with appropriate designs be prepared by the director of the mint and that said medal be presented to her by the President of the United States at such time and in such manner as he may determine.

Major General Wheeler was a centre of attraction and congratulation when he appeared in the House of Representatives to day to resume his Congressional duties He arrived last night from the camp in Alabama, where his troops are stationed. He said he probably would resign from the army but his plans were not yet definitely fixed. He expects to confer with the President and Secretary of War and will then determine on his course. "If there is to be any more fighting I want to stay in the army," said the General, "but if the fighting is over, I prefer to return to civil life."

SAVINGS BANK FAILED.

The American of Charleston, S. C., Placed in the Hands of a Receiver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 5.—The American Savings Bank of this city was placed in the hands of a receiver to-day by Judge C. H. Simonton at the instance of the Hanover National Bank of New York. The latter bank holds notes of the former to the amount of $22,000, W. M. Connor, late president of the American Bank, was made receiver by the court. He said to-day that he was unable to say at this time what would be the amount either of the assets or the liabilities and he assigned the hard times as the cause for the failure. The capital stock of the bank was $15.000 and its deposits amounted to $100,000.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of [illegible]

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT.

Read in Both Houses of the Fifty-sixth Congress Yesterday Afternoon.

A VOLUMINOUS DOCUMENT

Treats Mainly of the War With Spain And the Cuban Question—Recommendations as to Currency and Other Matters.

President McKinley's message, a document that would fill many columns of the STAR, begins with calling the atten of the Senate and House of Representatives to the "very satisfactory and steadily increasing degree of prosperity" of the country. A review of the relations of the United States to other powers follows, a large portion of the message being devoted to the Cuban insurrection, Spain, and the war with the latter country. In recounting events, he says in regard to the destruction of the battleship Maine:

"On the 15th of February last occurred the destruction of the battleship Maine while rightfully lying in the harbor of Havana on a mission of international courtesy and good will—a catastrophe, the suspicious nature and horror of which stirred the nation's heart profoundly. It is a striking evidence of the poise and sturdy good sense distinguishing our national character that this shockin gblow, falling upon a generous people, already deeply touched by preceding events in Cuba, did not move them to an instant, desperate resolve to tolerate no longer the existence of a condition of danger and disorder at our doors that made possible such a deed, by whomsoever wrought. Yet the instanct of justice prevailed and the nation anxiously awaited the result of the searching investigation at once set on foot. The finding of the naval board of inquiry established that the origin of the explosion was external by a submarine mine and only halted, through lack of postive testimony to fix the responsibility of its authorship."

The President then tells of the efforts to settle the Cuban question by peaceful negotiations with Spain, the failure of these negotiations and the "extraordinary war" that followed the Spanish declaration of April 1st. The first encounter of the war, took place April 27th, when the U. S. blockading squadron shelled the harbor of Matanzas for the purpose of demolishing new works in course of construction. This was followed on the 1st of May by Admiral Dewey destroying the Spanish fleet of ten warships and one transport in the harbor at Manila. A recital of subsequent events then follows, and speaking of the situation at Santiago, the "bottling" of Cervera's fleet, the President says, in part:

"The next act in the war thrilled not alone the hearts of our countrymen but the world by its exceptional heroism. On the night of June 3rd Lieut. Hobson, aided by seven devoted volunteers, blocked the narrow channel outlet from Santiago harbor, by sinking the collier Merrimac in the channel, under a fierce fire from the shore batteries, excaping with their lives as by a miracla, but falling into the hands of the Spaniards. It is a most gratifying incident of the war that the bravery of this little band of heroes was cordially appreciated by the Spanish Admiral, who sent a flag of truce to notify Admiral Sampson of their safety and to compliment them on their daring act. They were subsequently exchanged July 7th."

The movements of the army as well as the navy are given in detail.

The total casualties in killed and wounded in the army during the war with Spain were: Officers killed, 23; enlisted men killed, 257; total, 280; officers wounded, 113; enlisted men wounded, 1,464; total, 1,577. Of the navy: killed, 17; wounded, 67; died as result of wounds, 1; invalided from service, 6; total, 91.

"It will be observed," he says, "that while our navy was engaged in two great battles and in numerous perilous undertakings in blockade and bombardment and more than 50,000 of our troops were transported to distant lands and were engaged in assault and siege and battle and many skirmishes in unfamiliar territory, we lost in both arms of the service a total of 1,668 killed and wounded; and in the entire campaign by land and sea we did not lose a gun or a flag or a transport or a ship, and with the exception of the crew of the Merrimac not a soldier was taken prisoner. On Aug. 7th, forty-six days from the date of the landing of Gen. Shafter's army in Cuba and twenty-one days from the surrender of Santiago, the United States troops commenced embarkation for home and our entire force was returned to the United States as early as August 24th. They were absent from the United States only two months."

Spain made overtures for peace which were presented to the United States government on the 26th of July, and the peace protocol was signed by representatives of both governments on the 12th of August.

"I do not discuss at this time, the President says," the government or the future of the new possessions which will come to us as the result of the war with Spain. Such discussion will be appropriate after the treaty of peace shall be ratified. In the mean time, and until the Congress has legislated otherwise, it will be my duty to continue the military governments which have existed since our occupation, and give to the people security in life and property and encouragement under a just and beneficient rule.

"As soon as we are in possession of Cuba and have pacified the island it will be necessary to give aid and direction to its people to form a government for themselves. Until there is complete tranquility in the island and a stable government inorgerated, military occupation will be continued."

With the one exception of the rupture with Spain the intercourse of the United States with the great family of nations has been marked with cordiality, and the close of the eventful year finds most of the issues that necessarily arise in the complex relations of sovereign states adjusted, or presenting no serious obstacle to a just and honorable solution by amicable agreement.

Referring to the Nicaragua canal, the President says:

"That the construction of such a maritime highway is now more than ever indispensable to that intimate and ready inter communication between our eastern and western seaboards demanded by the annexation of the Hawaiian islands and the prospective expansion of our influence and commerce in the Pacific and that our national policy now more imperatively than ever calls for its control by this government, are propositions which I doubt not the Congress will duly appreciate and wisely act upon."

"The proposal of the Czar of Russia for a general reduction of the vast military establishments that weigh so heavily upon many peoples in time of peace was communicated to this government, with an earnest invitation to be represented in the conference which it is contemplated to assemble with a view of discussing the means of accomplishing so desirable a result. His majesty was at once informed of the cordial sympathy of this government with the principle involved in his exalted proposal and of the readiness of the United States to take part in the conference.

"The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, including the $64,751,223 received from sale of Pacific railroads, amounted to $405 321,335 and its expenditures to $443,368,582.

"It is estimated upon the basis of present revenue laws that the receipts of the government, for the year ending June 30, 1899, will be $557,874,867 and its expenditures $689 874 647, resulting in a deficiency of $112,000,000.

"In my judgment, the present condition of the treasury amply justifies the immediate enactment of the legislation recommended one year ago, under which a portion of the gold holdings should be placed in a trust fund that which greenbacks should be redeemed upon presentation, but when once redeemed should not thereafter be paid out except for gold.

"It is not to be inferred that other legislation relating to our currency is not required, on the contrary, there is an obvious demand for it."

The President says that in view of the recent acquisition of territory by the United States, there should be established regular and frequent steamship communication under the American flag with the newly acquired islands.

In view also of the increased importance of the proposed formation of a commission of sanitary experts to investigate the yellow fever problem, owing to the military occupation of Cuba, the President recommends that Congress provide for such a commission.

The recommendation made by the Secretary of War for the increase of the regular military establishment has the President's unqualified approval. He says that it is his purpose to muster out the entire volunteer army as soon as Congress shall provide for the increase of the regular establishment.

He recommends the erection of a building for the Department of Justice and suggests also the advisability of making proper provision for the Supreme Court.

He earnestly approves of the recommendations of Secretary Long as to the increase of the navy, and recommends also that the grades of admiral and vice admiral be temporarily revived, to be filled by officers who have specially distinguished themselves in the war with Spain.

The President earnestly urges early legislation for the taking of the 12th census, and legislation providing for the education of the 30,000 white children in the Indian territory.

The President calls attention to the centennial anniversary of the founding of the city of Washington, which will occur in 1900, which it is proposed to celebrate with fitting ceremonies, and he recommends that Congress make an appropriation for this purpose and appoint committees to complete plans for an appropriate national celebration.

The alien contract law is shown by experience to need some amendments; a measure providing better protection for seamen is proposed; the rightful application of the eight hour law for the benefit of labor, and of the principle of arbitration are suggested for consideration; and the President commends these subjects to the careful attention of Congress.

In concluding his message President McKinley says: "The several departmental reports will be laid before you. They give in great detail the conduct of the affairs of the government during the past year and discuss many questions upon which the Congress may feel called upon to act."

SUNDAY'S SEVERE STORM.

Casualties Near New York—Havoc With Telegraph Wires—The Worst in Years in Michigan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Two deaths resulted from last night's storm in nearby New Jersey, Mrs. Samuel Eldridge, sixty years of age, of Newark, was, with her husband, overtaken by the fiercest of the gale as she was going to the railroad station in Elizabeth to return to Newark. Exhaustion came upon her, and she died before help could be obtained.

While Bridget Costello, a domestic, was returning from a visit to her sister in Jersey City, a high fence was blown down upon her and her skull was fractured. Death ensued shortly afterwards.

The storm played havoc with many of the telegraph wires running out of New York.

DETROIT, MICH., December 5.—Detroit has never suffered such complete isolation from the outer world as during the past twenty-four hours, caused by the worst storm experienced in these parts, so far as its effect upon electric wires is concerned, in thirteen years.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Prints Firm and Demand Full—Staple Cottons in Fair Request.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Lawrence and Company have named prices on fancy prints for spring as follows: Pacific Parthian, 4¾; Foulard and Cordeline, 4½

Tone of the market for prints firm and demand full. Staple cottons in average request and prices well maintained throughout, but no price change recorded.

NEW YORK'S FIRE.

Workmen Tearing Down Walls Losses Estimated at $500,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, December 5.—A large force of firemen was busy this morning pouring water on the buildings involved in the big Broadway fire last night. A gang of men was set at work tearing down the walls of the building in which was the store of Rogers, Peet & Co. The losses are estimated at $500,000.

Frank Waller, of Boston, in the six day's bicycle race, New York city, now holds the world's record for continuous riding, having ridden 314 miles and 8 laps in 16 hours and 10 minutes without dismounting, beating last year's record of 272 miles, made by Stephane.

THE MODERN MOTHER

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

CONGRESS AGAIN IS IN SESSION.

All of Washington Turned Out Yesterday for the Gala Event.

SENATE AND HOUSE CROWDED

Proceedings Dull and Uninteresting. President's Message Received and Read—Evoked no Comment. Many Ladies in the Galleries.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 —Congress reassembled to day under circumstances of unusual public interest. The same Congress, six months ago declared war against Spain, and now, with the war fought and won, it came together again for the first legislative consideration of the questions developed by the eventful months just passed. The spirit of the occasion was not, however, one of immediate expectancy, for the few months left of the existence of the 55 h Congress gave promise of little more than a beginning on the momentous policies and problems growing out of the war.

As usual, all Washington turned its attention to the Capitol for that gala event which marks the opening day of a session. The weather imposed no barriers, for the hurricane of yesterday had given way to clearing skies and balmy air. Long before the noon hour, when the Senate and House began their work, the corridors were filled with surging crowds, centering in the rotunda and statutory hall, and pushing towards the private galleries. No evidences remained of the explosion and fire which recently ravaged the building.

Senate Convened.

When the Senate convened the chamber presented a noble and beautiful appearance. By 11 o'clock the public and private galleries were filled almost to their capacity with a distinguished assemblage, including many ladies in brilliant attire.

On the floor, the display of flowers was unusually beautiful for the opening day of a session of Congress. The odor of flowers filled the chamber.

Through the courtesy of the Vice President the members of the joint high commission were admitted to the floor of the Senate and were the recipients of much attention.

Just before the session was called to order, several well known members of the diplomatic corps appeared in the diplomatic gallery. Among them were Sir Julian Pauncefote, ambassador of Great Britain to the United States and dean of the corps, with a party from the British embassy; Mr. Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister and party; Mr. Ye Pum Chin, the Korean minister, were also present. All were interested spectators of the opening scenes of the session and attentive listeners to the reading of the President's message.

During a recess of three-quarters of an hour, while the Senate was awaiting the presentation of the message from the President the members of the joint high commission held an informal levee, greeting personally nearly all of the members of the American Senate.

The reading of the President's message, which occupied two hours and eighteen minutes, was received with very careful attention for an hour, but after, the Senators drifted to the cloak rooms or to the committee rooms, where they could peruse the message at their leisure in the printed copies which had been furnished them.

When the clerk had concluded the reading, Mr. Mason, of Illinois, presented a telegram from Mr Pritchard, of North Carolina, announcing that illness prevented his attendance at the opening of the session.

At 3 46 the Senate adjourned.

House Proceedings.

In the House the greetings of the members were most cordial, and there was no outcropping of partisan rancor to mar the occasion. One of the most striking incidents was the cordial meeting between the floor leaders of the respective sides, Messrs. Dingley and Bailey In view of the gossip about the possibility of Mr. Bailey being deposed as the minority leader, it is significant that the Speaker named Mr. Bailey as the minority member of the committee to wait upon the President, an honor always bestowed upon the recognized leader of the minority. Speaker Reed received a warm welcome from both sides of the House when he ascended the rostrum to call the House to order; but perhaps the greatest personal ovation to any member was that given Major General Wheeler, of Alabama, who has not been seen by many of his old colleagues since he went to the front at the head of the cavalry division of Gen. Shafter's army

The floral tributes to-day were unusually numerous and made the hall a veritable bower of beautiful flowers. The proceedings themselves were dull, all interest centering in the reading of the President's message. For over two hours the clerk droned through the long document, but the interest of members and spectators never flagged. No expressions of approval or disapproval interrupted the reading.

At 3 50 the House adjourned until to morrow.

McKINLEY'S MESSAGE.

A Tone of Disappointment in Editorials of London Newspapers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Dec 6.—Much having been expected, there is a certain tone of disappointment in the morning papers' editorials on President McKinley's message. Its non committal character is attributed to the fact that the negotiations of the peace commissioners at Paris are not yet finished.

Considerable satisfaction is expressed at the reference to Anglo-American relations and at the coldness displayed toward Russia. Some papers express dissatisfaction over the President's treatment of the Nicaragua Canal enterprise.

Representative Sulzer, of New York, ranking Democratic member of the House Committee on Military Affairs, has introduced a resolution directing the committee on Military Affairs to investigate the War Department and the conduct of the Spanish-American war.

The Columbia, S. C, daily *Register* has suspended publication. Its plant has been disposed of and it will not be revived.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Bills of Indictment Drawn Against Parties Charged with Forcing Bunting to Leave Wilmington—Gov. Russell.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 5.

Governor Russell has not gone to Washington yet. His delay is owing to the illness of Mrs. Russell. She has been confined to her bed for four days. She is better this morning.

The Union Furniture Company, of Greensboro, was incorporated to-day, with a capital stock of $20,000.

There are now fifty six inmates of the Confederate Soldiers' Home. They are enjoying good health and only two are in the hospital.

The transfer of county offices took place here to day. Wm. Russ, clerk of the court, has Vertruvius Royster for his clerk, Sheriff Page has Charles Separk for chief deputy, and Register Hood has D I Fort for clerk.

It is reported that the railroad from Raleigh to Holly Springs will be extended to Fayetteville. The promoters of the enterprise have, it is understood, bought property along the proposed route in Harnett and Cumberland counties.

There seems to be little doubt that Governor Russell will issue a commission to Judge George H. Brown.

[*Special Star Telegram*]

District Attorney Bernard to day received direct instructions from Attorney General Griggs to prepare bills of indictment against parties charged with complicity in forcing U. S Commissioner Bunting to leave Wilmington. Bills will be immediately framed, and if the grand jury finds true bills, Judge Purnell will issue bench warrants and the parties will be brought here for trial at this term of court. Bunting and other witnesses are expected to night.

WARM WIRELETS.

The tri-weekly service between Port Tampa and Key West and Havana was inaugurated yesterday by the Plant steamship line.

It is denied that the Pope is hostile to the American policy regarding the Philippines; on the contrary, his holiness is ready to co-operate with the United States in restoring order there.

U. S. Senator Richard R. Kenny, of Delaware, is again on trial in the U. S. Circuit Court on charges growing out of the looting of the First National bank of Dover, Del., by its teller, Wm. N. Baggs.

James Corbett has deposited $2.000 as a forfeit for a match with Thomas Sharkey. Corbett said he was willing to box Sharkey in public, the gate receipts to go to charity, but would prefer to meet Sharkey for $5,000 a side in private.

The Two Hundred and Second New York regiment and Gen. Geo. Davis and staff boarded the transport Minnewaska at Savannah and the vessel is anchored in the stream ready to go to sea to-day. She is destined for Marianao, a small port west of Havana.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisement- inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Position by a competent gardener, who can take care of hot-beds Is an experienced coachman lso Is also compet nt to take charge of a truck farm. Address, A. B, care of STAR. de 6 3t*

W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for rent a Store on Market street, between Front and Second at $30 a month. oc 5 tf

W M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for rent a 12-room house with cistern and bath and sewer for $20 a month. Also a number of other desirable houses in various parts of town. oc 5 tf

I Am Paying special attention to selling property. If you have any real estate for sale I should like to have it on my list. W. M Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 1 tf

Subscribe Now—The Tenth series in he Clarendon Saving and Loan Association will open Saturday, January 7th. 1899 Subscription to same can now be made by applying to S P. Collier, Secretary, 17 Princess street. D. C. Love President. de 4 tf

New Commission House—To the shippers of Country Produce: I am now open and ready to receive consignments of all kinds of Country Produce. Quick sales and prompt returns is my motto. C. D. Jacobs, No 9 North Second street. de 4 w*

Wanted—Experienced Wheelwright, competent to do all kinds of wood work. Apply to P. H. Hayden. no 30 tf

White Barber Shop—I have employed another white barber, and with three chairs now, am better prepared than ever to accommodate my patrons. Wm. Tienken, 105 Princess street. oc 12 tf

Christmas Photographs—Come and see my Christmas display of genuine Caobonet Photographs. They are up to date in style and finish. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. no 22 ly

For Sale—One Edson "class M" Electric Phonograph, in perfect condition, with "nickel in he slot" connection. Also a lot of records and record case. Address "B.," 312 North Third street, city. no 18 im

I Have Several desirable houses to rent for next year still left. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 1 tf

W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, offers for sale houses ranging in price from $7,250 to $150. Also some desirable building lots. oc 5 tf

M. C. Benson—Country Produce and Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits shipments of Country Produce from merchants and farmers. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to my care. no 3 tf

Xmas Goods Our stock of Fancy Candies, Apples, Nuts, Raisins, Cakes, Crackers, Cheese, Mules, Peanuts, etc., is complete. Quotations free. Love & Flynn no 17 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Chickens, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce. See L. Tate Bowden when you want the nicest and freshest in the produce line at the very lowest possible prices. No. 6 Princess street. oc 27 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

Oranges! Oranges!

WE OFFER THE ENTIRE CARGO OF ORANGES recently arrived on the Schooner Sarah E. Douglass.

ALSO. APPLES, COCOANUTS, MIXED NUTS, RAISINS, and other

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

McNAIR & PEARSALL, Wilmington, N. C.
de 6 tf

Johnson & Fore,

WILL OFFER THIS WEEK

Some Special Bargains in New Dress Goods.

PLAIN AND FANCY **Black Goods** IN GREAT VARIETY.

The Latest in Millinery.

NEW UNDERWEAR.
NEW HOSIERY.

A few French Pattern Hats at Reduced Prices.
no 6 tf

NEWS FROM THE PENINSULA

Is to the effect that our justly celebrated

Peninsula Stoves and Ranges

are giving perfect satisfaction to all who have tried them.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM.

We can also supply you with everything in the HARDWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING line at Bottom Prices.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

J. W. MURCHISON.
no 24 tf



A TENDER SUCKING PIG

or prime Roast of Beef, Lamb or Veal will taste good for a change after your Thanksgiving turkey. Our stocks of Pork products in Hams, Bacon, Fresh Pork and Sausages are from the best corn fed stock, and our Meats are all high grade and toothsome.

I. B. RHODES.
de 3 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE.

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet.
no 24 tf

NEW THREE CROWN L. L. RAISINS

at a price that will astonish you.

Currants, Citron, Nuts.
Vigilant Seeded Raisins, 1 pound packages.
Lion Hand-Picked Currants, 1 pound packages.
Brown Sugar for Cakes.
Malaga Grapes, Mince Meat
Evaporated Peeled California Peaches, and everything else for your

X-MAS CAKES AND GOODIES.

AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER,
S. W. SANDERS.
no 27 tf 'Phone 109.

Better Able Than Ever.

With our attention concentrated on this one store and using every means possible to better its condition, we are enabled to give our customers a great deal better service and greater assurance of the superior qualities of our drugs and medicines than ever before the saving or gaining of health may depend on the freshness or purity of the drugs you use. We offer you safe and reliable drugs. The amount of business we do keeps them moving; nothing gets old Our establish d reputation for reliability and accurate prescription work insures the best of everything. Whatever is sold at this store is guaranteed to be of the very best quality money can buy If quality counts with you, we would urge you to call and be convinced by the very apparent superiority of our goods.

The highest medical efficiency is attained in prescriptions filled at
no 27 tf JAS D. NUTT'S Drug Store.

RAISINS, RAISINS.

50 Boxes L. L. Raisins.
50 Boxes Loose Raisins.
50 Boxes Mixed Nuts.
50 Boxes Cheese.
15 Tubs Butter.

Also, Shot Powder, Salt, Meat, Flour, Molasses, Tobacco, Fish, Corn, Meal, Sugar, Coffee, Drugs and other goods.

D. L. GORE,
no 18 tf 120, 122 and 124 N. Water street.

Christmas Advice



MAY BE WASTED, AS IT IS ONLY THE WISE THAT PROFIT BY OTHER PEOPLE'S EXPERIENCE; WHICH IS, YOU WILL GET MORE SATISFACTION, COMFORT AND WEAR OUT OF ONE OF OUR CUSTOM MADE SUITS THAN YOU WILL TWENTY READY-MADE SUITS. NOW'S THE TIME TO ORDER A SUIT, OVERCOAT OR A PAIR OF PANTS FOR AN X-MAS PRESENT.

WHILE BUYING YOUR X MAS GIFTS REMEMBER WE HAVE EVERYTHING IN THE WAY OF MEN'S WEARING APPAREL, VIZ: UNDERWEAR, HALF HOSE, HANDKERCHIEFS, SHIRTS, GLOVES, COLLARS, CUFFS, NECKWEAR (OF EVERY DESCRIPTION), CUFF AND COLLAR BUTTONS SCARF PINS, STUDS, UMBRELLAS, CANES, ETC.

M. H. CURRAN,
de 6 tf 107 Princess street.

A. DAVID & CO.

OVERCOATS Ready-to-Wear.

MEDIUM WEIGHTS FOR ALL-ROUND SERVICE; HEAVY WEIGHTS FOR THE COLDEST WEATHER,

$6.50 to $20.00.

Ready-to-Wear Double and Single Breasted Sack Suits and Cutaways. All Good Clothing—examination will show this—use will prove it best Mothers will do well to bring the little ones here. We have exclusive styles, and our stock is still unbroken but may be in a few days. Our Custom Made Clothes—made in our own Tailor Shop on the premises—cannot be excelled in any High Class Tailoring Shop in the country. We are prepared to give you Lower Prices than ever before.

OUR HOLIDAY GOODS, SUCH AS NOVELTIES IN TIES, BOWS, ASCOTS, IMPERIALS, ETC., WILL ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS.

A. David & Co.,

CLOTHIERS, MERCHANT TAILORS AND GENT'S FURNISHERS,
de 4 tf FRONT AND PRINCESS STREET.

CAPES, JACKETS AND OVERCOATS.

CAPES.

Black, fair quality, fur trimmed	50c
Better quality, braid trimmed	75c
Very nice, double Cape, fur trimmed	$1 00
Black Astracnar	1 25
$2 50 blk Astrachan, Thibit, fur trimmed	1 89
$3 50 plain Beaver, elegant quality	2 50
Plush Capes, $1 50 and	2 50
$5.00 Capes, in all latest styles	3 50
Beautiful trimme l Capes, worth $7.50	5 00
$12 50 Plush Capes, handsomely trimmed	8 50

JACKETS.

$5 00 Astrachan Jackets, our price	$3 50
$7 50 Jackets, latest style	5 00
$12 00 Jackets, beautiful quality	8 50

OVERCOATS.

Men's Gray Overcoats	$1 75
$7 50 Overcoats, only	5 00
$12 50 Overcoats, Velvet Collar	8 50
Few light Overcoats, $6 50, worth double.	
Men's Mackintoshes, with Capes	1 75
$5 00 Mackintoshes	3 50

Infants' Cloaks, Skirts, Blankets and Comforts, Millinery Shoes and Rubbers. Big line of Hats, Caps and Underwear

We shall have an elegant line of X-mas Goods.
Car fare paid on Purchases of $2.00 and upwards. Goods delivered promptly.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218. NEAR FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.
oc 29 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co

SOME HINTS TO GIFT-GIVERS.

The Holiday Stocks are at their height, all ready for your inspection. Gathered in a bigger, more intelligent way than ever before. And in gathering largely we gather well. Quantity is a great factor in the essening of prices Some of the Holiday lots were captured below prevailing valuations, and so we turn them over to you at a proport onate saving If you would benefit by the beautiful stocks of giveable articles come now. Unbroken assortments afford the choicest picking. Your selections will be held for Christmas week delivery if you wish.

CLOAKS AND BLANKETS.

Does this weather make you think you need "New Blankets?"

Now, a word about new Blankets as we show and sell them. Here pure wool means pure wool, part cotton is part cotton with us, and we even admit that we have some that are all cotton. But where's the advantage, you say. Full widths and lengths, the prettiest conceits in borders, the best value in fabric. From the lowest priced to the highest there's a range of values that gives every one ample choice and without the slightest danger of going wrong.

If it's going to be a new Coat or Cape it might as well be a real stylish one—from us.

Most of the garments you find here can't be seen elsewhere in town. not that our friends (competitors) wouldn't like to have them, but we manage to fix things so they can't, and what does it give us? Exclusive, nobby things, the very cream of the choicest styles that New York shows this season, and it isn't necessary to pay a penny more than for styles not so pretty or attractive. Will you come to us?

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. no 27 tf

Our Specialties.

Waterman's Fountain Pens,
Eastman's Kodaks,
Remington Typewriters,
Edison's Mimographs,
Blank Books and Office Stationery, Pictures and Framing,
Wall Paper and Window Shades,
School Books and Supplies.

C. W. YATES & CO.
no 15 tf

The War is All Over.

Peace and quiet is now among us. We have been having a grand trade, but now we expect it even better, as we have made great preparations to meet the holiday trade.

IN LADIES' CLOAKS we have some beautiful goods at bottom prices. Our Melton Cloaks, are $3.50 Our Astrakan Cloaks, beautifully made and nicely lined and trimmed, worth $6.00, now $4 00. Our best Beaver Cloaks, large Pearl Buttons, at $6.50. Better Cloaks, with silk lining, at $9 00. A few fine Cloaks for $10.00 and $15.00, beautiful goods.

OUR LADIES' SKIRTS are very cheap. A nice Skirt for $1 00, $1.25 and $1.50. Fine Brilliantine Skirt, worth $3 00, now special at $2.45. French Flounce, made of black all wool Brilliantine, bound seams, nicely made, at $2.75. Fine Silk Skirts at $4.75. Duchess Satin Skirts from $6.50 to $9.00.

SHIRT WAISTS from $1.25 to $6.00.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT—All grades of goods represented. Nice Gowns, trimmed in lace and pleated, at 49c; better from 75c to $1.20. Pants and Shirts for 25c and 50c

We are selling quantities of fine CARPET. Nice Brussels Carpet for 48c per yard. Body Brussels at 65c per yard. Beautiful Wool Ingrain Carpet at 48c. Fine Ingrain Carpet from 20c to 33c per yard. Hemp Carpet, ¾ yard wide, at 10c; 1 yard wide at 12½c. Coco Carpet at 15c per yard. Coco Mats, nice heavy goods, at 37c each. Carpet Paper at 3c and 4c per yard. Carpet Thread at 3c a skein. Matting in large quantities, from 10c to 25c per yard.

We are doing a fine Fall business and we want your trade, and are prepared to meet competition and sell you better values than any house in the city.

Look at our Capes from 50c to $8 00 each.

We have a fine line of new Percale and fine Dress Goods to sell at a close price.

We are pushing our Millinery business for all you may ask for.

We are still giving away a nice line of fine Chairs, Tables, Book Cases, Hat Racks, China Dishes and Glassware. We are also giving Life Size Portraits free.

Come to the largest department store in the city for Bargains in any department at WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE, NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

GEO. O. CAYLORD, Prop.
no 20 tf



GROCERIES DELIVERED PROMPTLY

to your order, full weight and best quality, is one of our rules in business that has brought us the large patronage we enjoy Everything bought at this store carries with it a guarantee of honest dealing, and our stock of high grade Groceries, Canned Goods Teas, Coffees, Spices and Laundry Supplies cannot be excelled in purity or superiority by any one in Wilmington.

A fine lot of Nice Fat Chickens at from 25c to 33⅓ each, and some good old N. C. Corn Fed Hams at 12½c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
Phone 387 Fourth Street Bridge.
no 30 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,
110 North Water Street,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
LYE, SOAP, STARCH, MAHOGANY TOBACCO.
50 Boxes Fresh L. Cakes. All kinds of Produce handled on Commission. oc 16 tf

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C
DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se tf